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Pursuant to Article IV. 4. a) of the Constitution of Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Parliamentary Assembly of Bosnia and Herzegovina, at the 26th session of the House of Representatives held on 2, 3 and 10 April 2008, and at the 16th session of the House of Peoples held on 16th April 2008, adopted the following

LAW ON MOVEMENT AND STAY OF ALIENS AND ASSYLUM OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

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CHAPTER I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

(Scope of the Law)

(1) This Law shall regulate: conditions and procedure for entry of aliens in Bosnia and Herzegovina (hereinafter referred to as: BiH), including the visa and non-visa regime; travel documents for aliens; stay of aliens in BiH; removal of aliens from the country; admission of aliens and placement of aliens under supervision; international and temporary protection in case of mass influx of aliens; as well as competency of authorities relevant for the implementation of this Law, as well as other issues related to stay of aliens in BiH.

(2) This Law shall also regulate violations and punishments for violations committed through violation of the provisions of this Law.

Article 2

(Authorities competent for the implementation of this Law)

(1) In accordance with this Law and by-laws passed on the basis of this Law, the procedure shall be carried out and relevant decisions taken by the:

- a) BiH Council of Ministers (hereinafter referred to as: the Council of Ministers),
- b) BiH Ministry of Security (hereinafter referred to as: the Ministry),
- c) BiH Ministry of Foreign Affairs (hereinafter referred to as: the MoFA),
- d) BiH Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees,

- e) The Aliens Affairs Service (hereinafter referred to as: the Service)
- f) BiH Border Police (hereinafter referred to as: the Border Police),
- g) Other police authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina (hereinafter referred to as: the police)
- h) Other competent authorities.

(2) If the request, or another submission under this Law, is sent to the materially non-competent authority (lacking *ratione materiae*) in BiH, the competent officer of that authority shall warn of that fact the submitting party and shall forward the submission to the competent authority.

(3) If the request, or another submission under this Law, is sent to the materially non-competent organizational unit of an authority (lacking *ratione materiae*), the competent officer of that organizational unit shall notify thereof the submitting party and forward the submission to the competent organizational unit of the same authority.

(4) If the request, or another submission under this Law, is sent to the territorially non-competent organizational unit of the Service or another authority (lacking *ratione loci*), the competent officer of that organizational unit shall forward it *ex officio* to the territorially competent organizational unit of the Service or of another authority.

(5) Where it is required that the decision taken under this Law or under the Law on the Aliens Affairs Service be enforced by the Service, other organizational units of the Ministry and the police shall provide assistance to the Service at its own request.

Article 3

(Application of the Administrative Proceedings Law)

1. Provisions of the Administrative Proceedings Law shall apply to administrative proceedings pending before the competent authorities in accordance with this Law, unless otherwise provided under this Law.

2. In cases when a foreign national does not notify competent authority on change of address or at the address at which he is registered he can not be found, the delivery of decisions made under this Act shall be made through notice board of the competent authority.

Article 4

(Administrative disputes)

(1) Administrative disputes may be initiated against final administrative documents issued in accordance with this law.

(2) The administrative disputes are to be initiated by virtue of complaints brought before the BiH Court, in accordance with the Law on Administrative Disputes of Bosnia and Herzegovina, unless otherwise provided under this Law.

(3) Such complaints shall not stay the execution of the final administrative document, unless otherwise provided under this Law [Article 109 (Procedure and competence for the issuance of decisions on international protection) paragraph (8), Article 125 (Competence and complaints in case of termination or withdrawal of international protection) paragraph 3)].

Article 5 (Definitions)

For the purpose of this Law, certain terms shall have the following meaning:

- a) An alien refers to any person, who is not a national of BiH but is a national of another state pursuant to legislation of that state or is stateless,
- b) a stateless person refers to any person who is neither a citizen of BiH, nor a citizen of any other state pursuant to legislation of that state,
- c) place of habitual residence of an alien refers to his/her country of origin or the country of his/her permanent residence,
- d) travel document refers to a valid passport or another travel identification document, issued by competent foreign authorities which is recognized by BiH, as well as a valid ID Card or another personal identification document with a photograph affixed that may be used by its bearer to cross the state border, which has been recognized by an international treaty to which BiH is a contracting party, as well as a travel document issued to an alien in BiH in accordance with the present Law,
- e) work permit is a permit issued by an authority in charge of employment affairs with aliens, permitting paid employment of aliens in BiH,
- f) residence permit is a permit issued by a competent alien affairs body, allowing an alien to legally reside in the territory of BiH within a period designated in the permit,
- g) an applicant for international protection is an alien who can be considered as someone who is requesting refugee status or the status of subsidiary protection in BiH, until a decision regarding his/her request is made in accordance with this Law,
- h) international protection stands for the refugee status or status of subsidiary protection in accordance with this Law,
- i) a refugee according to the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees and the 1967 Protocol to the Convention is an alien who owing to well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion, is outside the country of his nationality and is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country; or who, not having a nationality and being outside the country of his former habitual residence as a result of such events, is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to return to it.
- j) refugee status is a status which BiH designates for a refugee in accordance to this Law,

- k) a person under subsidiary protection is an alien who resides in the territory of BiH, and though does not fulfill the conditions for refugee status, but does enjoy protection in accordance to international standards and this Law,
- l) a person under temporary protection is an alien who resides in the territory of BiH based on a mass influx in accordance to this Law,
- m) a competent body is a body which is in charge of procedure, in accordance to this Law or another law,
- n) an unaccompanied minor is an alien younger than 18 years of age (a minor), who arrived in BiH unaccompanied by an adult person older than 18 years (an adult person) legally responsible for him/her ex lege or by power-of-attorney, or a minor left unaccompanied since entering the BiH territory,
- o) marriage of convenience or common law marriage of convenience is a marriage or common law marriage concluded exclusively to provide an alien with entry and/or stay in BiH,
- p) adoption of convenience is an adoption to exclusively provide an alien with entry and/or stay in BiH,
- q) marriage is a legally regulated matrimonial partnership between a male and a female,
- r) a common law marriage is a domestic partnership between a female and a male who are not married to and are not in a partnership with any third person. To qualify under such a partnership, the relationship must have subsisted for at least three years or for a shorter period if a child was born through such a partnership,
- s) family reunification means an entry or stay in BiH of aliens who are members of close family of a person residing legally in BiH, in order to preserve the family union,
- t) a carrier is any physical or legal body providing services of international traffic transportation of persons by using any means of transportation,
- u) Threat to public health represents any disease with epidemiological potential characteristics, as is defined under the international health care regulations of the World Health Organization (WHO), as well as other contaminative or other parasitic diseases, if these are the subject of safety regulations which apply to BiH citizens.

Article 6

(Multiple citizenship of aliens or BiH nationals in the BiH territory)

- (1) An alien with multiple citizenships is considered to be a citizen of the country which issued him/her with the travel document with which he/she has crossed the BiH State border, unless otherwise provided under this Law.

(2) If a citizen of BiH has additionally acquired the citizenship of another state, he/she shall not be treated as an alien within the territory of BiH.

Article 7

(Freedom of Movement)

(1) An alien may enter BiH and stay in its territory with a valid travel document to which a visa or residence permit is affixed, unless otherwise provided under this Law or an international agreement. The entry, stay, movement and exit of aliens may be restricted under the terms provided under this Law or another law.

(2) Under the terms stipulated by this Law, aliens with legal residence in BiH shall enjoy the right to freedom of movement within BiH and free choice of place of residence, unless otherwise regulated in this or another law in special areas for the reasons of public interest in a democratic society.

(3) The rights referred to in paragraph (2) of this article may be partially or fully restricted in accordance with law and to the extent that is necessary in a democratic society for the benefit of state or public security, for the purpose of preserving legal order, combating crime, protecting health or morality, or for the purpose of protecting the rights and freedoms of others.

(4) Security check for an alien to the purpose of establishing the security reasons of BiH shall be performed by the Intelligence and Security Agency of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The rulebook on the method of performing security checks shall be issued by the General Director of the Intelligence and Security Agency.

(5) In the process of making a decision based on the information contained in the document marked as confidential by the authority specified in paragraph (4) of this Article or other competent authority, the provisions of the Law on the protection of classified information shall be apply.

(6) Service may, on a reasoned proposal by the competent authority, to prohibit exit of aliens from BiH if there is reasonable suspicion that with exit from BiH could avoid criminal, or misdemeanor prosecution, the sentence execution, the execution of court orders, arrest or execution of overdue property-rights obligations, on which it shall inform border police.

(7) Service shall, for the reasons set out in paragraph (6) of this Article, temporary, no longer than 30 days, confiscated passports and other documents that can be used by alien for crossing state border.

(8) Upon expiration of the period referred to in paragraph (7) of this Article, or upon termination of the reasons referred to in paragraph (6) of this Article, passports and other documents shall be return to alien and allow him the exit from BiH.

Article 8

(Prohibition of discrimination)

(1) No discrimination shall be allowed against aliens on any grounds whatsoever, including gender or sex, race, color of skin, language, religion, political and other opinion, ethnic and social origin, affiliation with a national minority, property status, status acquired by birth, or other status.

Article 9

(Obligation to respect the legal order of BiH)

The aliens in BiH must respect the legal order of BiH – respect law and other regulations in BiH and comply with the decisions taken by the government authorities in BiH.

Article 10

(Association of aliens, carrying weapons and wearing uniforms in BiH)

- (1) No alien shall be allowed to establish political parties.
- (2) Aliens may establish associations under separate regulations.
- (3) An alien may bring in, possess, carry and procure weapons and ammunition in BiH in accordance with the Law on Border Control and regulations governing the procurement, keeping and carrying of weapons.
- (4) An alien may enter and move in BiH wearing a foreign military, police or customs officers'

uniform under the terms and conditions provided under the Law on Border Control and Article 142 (Movement while wearing a foreign uniform) of this Law.

Article 11

(Work permit)

- (1) When an alien intends to reside in BiH for the purposes of paid employment, he/she must have a work permit issued by an authority in charge of alien employment affairs in accordance with the provisions of this Law or other laws in BiH regulating the issues of alien work, unless this Law or an international agreement provide that no work permit is required for specific types of work.
- (2) Performance of activities that are required in order to establish and register a legal entity or a corporate business entity shall not be considered as work in the sense of paragraph (1) of this Article and shall not be subject to the obligation of obtaining a work permit.
- (3) The authority referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall forward to the Service a copy of the decision concerning the request for issuance of a work permit immediately when the decision is served to the party in the proceedings.

(4) Provisions of this Article shall not apply to the aliens with the recognized refugee status or status of subsidiary protection in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Article 12

(Rights and obligations in the proceedings before the authorities)

(1) At all stages of the proceedings the aliens shall be informed of the rights and obligations arising from this Law.

(2) The authority conducting the proceedings shall have to enable the alien who does not understand the language of the proceedings to follow the course of the proceedings through an interpreter or translator, whereas the requests to exercise the rights under this Law and evidence substantiating the request, as well as summons, rulings and other writs and documents, shall be served in one of the official languages of BiH.

(3) In the event that an alien has been assigned to custody, detained or placed under surveillance, the authority ordering such measures shall provide the alien, at his/her own request, with an opportunity to communicate with the competent authorities of the state of his/her nationality or the state providing him/her with protection.

Article 13

(Obligation to carry and show the alien proof of identity)

(1) During his stay in the territory of BiH, an alien must hold a travel document with which he/she entered BiH, or hold another identification document or proper certificate issued in BiH, for the purpose of proving or certifying his/her identity and legality of his/her entry and stay in BiH. The alien must show the identification document at the request of an authorized officer of the Service, the police or another competent authority, when the other competent authority is authorized to make such request.

(2) Legal and physical person carriers or accommodation service providers or travel arrangement service providers may request from aliens to show their travel documents or other identification document, but shall not be allowed to keep such documents.

Article 14

(Establishing alien identity)

(1) An alien whose identity is impossible to be verified immediately, or there are grounds to suspect the truthfulness of his/her statements of identity, shall be placed under supervision, and can be imposed expulsion measure from B & H if the identity cannot be verified with certainty even within six hours after the alien is taken to the official premises.

(2) Supervision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be ordered in accordance with the provisions of Articles 98 through 104 [Section B. (Placing aliens

under supervision), Chapter VI. (Admission of aliens and supervision)] and expulsion measure in accordance with the provisions of Art. 87 (Expulsion measure) and 88 (The reasons for imposing expulsion) of this Law.

(3) Under this Law, the procedure of verification of alien identity shall be initiated and conducted by the Service.

(4) If the procedure of verifying identity of an alien, whose identity is impossible to be verified immediately, or where there are grounds to suspect the truthfulness of his/her statements about identity, is initiated by the Border police or Police and cannot be completed within six hours, the police shall notify the Service thereof as soon as possible.

(5) The procedure of verifying the alien identity shall be conducted under the provisions of the Law on the Alien Affairs Service and the Law on Police Officials.

(6) The procedure of verifying the alien identity may also include the establishment of legality of alien stay in BiH or establishment of alien place of temporary or permanent residence in BiH

CHAPTER II. ALIEN ENTRY INTO BIH

Section A. Entry into BiH

Article 15

(Crossing the State border)

(1) An alien shall be considered to have entered the State once he/she has crossed the State border of BiH, or passed the post where the border control is performed.

(2) An alien may cross the State border of BiH only at the designated border crossings open to international traffic, during the border crossings' working hours, unless the Law on Border Control or international agreement provides otherwise.

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this Article, an alien national of a neighbouring state may cross the State border of BiH also at the border crossings designated for the traffic between BiH and the neighbouring countries, unless otherwise provided under an agreement between BiH and the neighbouring country.

(4) An alien wishing to enter or leave BiH shall be bound to stop at the border crossing post, show his/her documents required for crossing the border, and is obliged to subject himself/herself, his/her luggage and his/her vehicle to the border control, in accordance with the Law on Border Control and in particular, explain to the official of the competent authority all circumstances related to the fulfilment of the requirements pertaining to the crossing of the State border and comply with the warnings and commands issued by the police officer of the competent authority in charge of performing the border control.

(5) The border control to which an alien entering BiH is subject shall also include identification of whether the alien has met the general entry requirements referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) of this Law.

(6) The State border may not be crossed with a travel document or visa whose validity is expiring on the date of the intended crossing of the border.

(7) On the travel document of an alien crossing the State border the police officer of the authority in charge of border crossing control shall affix an imprint of the entry or exit stamp, unless it is impossible given the type of the travel document or otherwise prescribed under this Law or otherwise established under an international agreement.

(8) Staying of an alien in the transit area of an international airport, port anchorage, dockage or quayage shall not be considered as entry into the State.

Article 16

(Illegal entry into BiH)

Illegal entry into BiH shall include the cases where an alien:

a) has crossed or attempted to cross the State border outside a border crossing post open for international traffic, or outside a border crossing post designated for the traffic between BiH and neighboring countries provided that the alien is a national of the neighboring country and unless otherwise provided for by an international agreement, or outside the working hours of the border crossing point or prior to the expiry of the time in which the alien entry into BiH is restricted;

b) has averted or attempted to avert the border control;

c) while crossing the state border, has used another person's, no longer valid, or inadequate travel document;

d) has stated fraudulent information to the authority responsible for the state border crossing control;

e) Has entered the State during the expulsion measure validity.

Article 17

(Collective or group travel documents and special attention to minors)

(1) An alien who is entered into a travel document of another person may enter and leave BiH only if accompanied by the person into whose travel document he/she is entered.

(2) The aliens holding the group (collective) travel documents may enter, move in and leave BiH only collectively, whereas the adult persons entered into the collective travel document must have a document with a photo affixed based on which his/her identity can be established. Exceptionally, a member of the group may be allowed to leave the country individually, where necessary for his/her private reasons or if so is ordered by

the competent authority. The group leader must have a personal travel document and may not leave BiH without the group. The number of persons who travel using the same group travel document shall be restricted to the minimum of five up to the maximum 50 persons.

(3) The alien of less than 14 years of age (a minor) and holding a personal travel document may cross the BiH border only if accompanied by his/her parents, legal representative or custodian, or the person authorized to accompany the minor by an authorization signed and certified by the parents, legal representative or custodian, or must have the parental or legal representative's consent if traveling unaccompanied.

(4) The official authorized to control the State border crossing shall exercise special caution while controlling an alien younger than 18 years of age (a minor) who intends to cross the BiH State border, as well as the persons accompanying the minor.

Article 18

(Obligations of carriers and organizers of tourist or similar travel)

(1) A carrier may bring an alien to a border crossing post only if the alien has fulfilled the general requirements for entry into BiH, as referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions), paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Law.

(2) The carrier shall:

a) an alien whom entry into BiH is rejected because it does not fulfill the conditions for entry from Article 19 of this Law drove from the border crossing and return to the country from he was brought or country which issued the passport with which he arrived or in any other country for which is sure that he will be accepted or provides other means of transportation, and without delay and on its cost, and

b) cover the costs of stay the alien in BiH, referred to in sub-paragraph a) of this paragraph.

(3) The obligations of the carrier referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article shall not apply to an alien arriving at the territory of BiH directly from the territory where his or her lives or freedoms were endangered and who has requested international protection from BiH.

(4) The obligations referred to in paragraph (2) of this Article shall apply to the carrier that brought the alien in transit:

a) If the carrier, which was supposed to transport him into a country of destination refused to transport or

b) If him was denied entry into the country of destination.

(5) These matters shall be further regulated by a bylaw of the Council of Ministers, upon the proposal of the Ministry sent after an opinion was obtained from the Ministry of Transport and Communications of BiH.

Article 19

(General entry conditions)

(1) An alien may enter BiH if he or she has a valid passport or other identification document that he or she may use for crossing the State border of BiH, provided that its validity does not expire on the day of entry into BiH (a valid travel document).

(2) In addition to the main general requirements referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, the alien must meet the following basic general requirements for entry into BiH:

a) that he/she is in possession of a valid visa for entry or stay in or transit through the territories of BiH, the validity of which does not expire on the day of entry into BiH, if he or she does not enter BiH with a travel document issued the country whose nationals are exempted from the obligation of obtaining visas [Article 12 (Exemption from the obligation of obtaining visas)]; or

b) that he/she is in possession of a residence permit prescribed by this Law.

(3) In addition to the basic general requirements prescribed by paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, for entry into BiH the alien must also fulfill other general requirements for alien entry into BiH, as follows:

a) that he/she has the sufficient means to support himself/herself during the time of intended stay in and exit from BiH, including also health care means or proof that he/she is able to obtain them legally, which is proved as stipulated in Article 23 of this Law (Evidence of the existence of means of subsistence) of this Law,

b) that he/she is in possession of documents or that he/she may provide information on the basis of which it can be reasonably concluded what the purpose and conditions of the intended stay in BiH are, if possible and necessary;

c) that he/she is in possession of an entry visa, if so required, of a neighboring country of his/her destination or a neighboring country through the territory of which he/she continues the travel,

d) that he/she is in possession of a vaccination certificate, if coming from the territory on which there is epidemics of a contagious disease,

e) that no expulsion measure, cancellation of stay or prohibition of entry to BiH territory has been imposed against him/her, provided that the period of the imposed measure or the prohibition are still in force,

f) that he/she has not been registered in the records of competent authorities as an offender and in particular as an international offender,

g) that there are no reasons other than those referred to in sub-paragraphs e) and f) of this paragraph, indicating that his/her presence in the territory of BiH would constitute a threat to national security of BiH, legal order, public order and peace, public health in BiH or international relations of BiH.

(4) The aliens who are pursuant to Article 21 of this Law exempt from an obligation of obtaining a visa for entry into the territory of BiH and therefore do not have to meet the

requirement prescribed in paragraph (2), must meet other general requirements for entry provided by paragraph (3) of this Article while entering BiH.

(5) The aliens who must be in possession of a visa in order to enter BiH, must also meet other general requirements for entry provided by paragraph (3) of this Article while filing an application for issue of their visas.

(6) When so being required by reasons of protecting national security of BiH, legal order, public order and peace or public health in BiH or other reasons arising from the international obligations of BiH, in addition to the entry requirements prescribed by paragraphs (1), (2) and

(3) of this Article, the Council of Ministers may prescribe additional requirements for alien entry into BiH.

(7) The required minimum amount of funds for sustenance referred to in paragraph (3) sub- paragraph a) of this Article shall be regulated by a bylaw.

Article 20

(Entry on special conditions)

An entry and residence may be allowed to an alien even if he/she does not fulfill the conditions referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) of this Law, if so being stipulated by an international treaty to which BiH is a Contracting Party or by a decision of the BiH Council of Ministers

Article 21

(Exemption from obligation to obtain visas)

(1) At the proposal of the MoFA, the BiH Council of Ministers shall specify the countries whose citizens shall not be required to have visa for entering BiH (hereinafter referred to as: non-visa regime countries), as well as the countries whose citizens may enter BiH with a travel document other than a passport. The BiH Council of Ministers shall also be responsible to exempt from visa requirements, at the proposal of the MoFA, the persons who hold special types of travel documents.

(2) The aliens who according to this Law are exempt from visa requirement to enter the BiH territory shall be entitled to enter and stay in the country (hereinafter referred to as: non-visa residence) for a total period of no longer than ninety (90) days within the period of six (6) months following their first entry, unless otherwise determined by an international treaty to which BiH is a Contracting Party or by a special decision of the BiH Council of Ministers referred to in Article 12 (Entry on special conditions) of this Law.

(3) Aliens are exempt from visa requirement to enter BiH if their BiH permanent or temporary residence permit sticker has been affixed in their passport, for as long as that residence permit is valid.

Article 22

(Exceptions from visa possession requirement)

(1) Aliens – aircraft flight crew members and cabin crew members in civil aviation traffic who are in possession of a valid crew member certificate, and who intend to remain at an airport or within the boundaries of a nearby residential area, may enter BiH without visas and reside in the territory of until the first next regular flight.

(2) Where due to his/her commitments a crew member is required to travel to another country as a passenger by any means of transportation in order to join the aircraft crew, his/her crew certificate shall be recognized as a substitute for the passport or visa, and he/she shall be granted the required freedom of movement within the boundaries of BiH territory.

(3) A valid crew member certificate shall be recognized as a valid document for establishing identity even in case where its holder is not a national of the aircraft registration country.

(4) Upon proposal by the MoFA and under condition of reciprocity, the The Council of Ministers may exempt from the need of possessing visas the nationals of certain countries who are:

- a) Civilian flight crew members, provided that there is a proper certificate and notes in a general declaration and in a flight plan,
- b) civilian flight crew members or flight attendants, who take place in disaster rescue flights, provided that there is a proper certificate and notes in a general declaration and in a flight plan, or
- c) Civilian ship crew members provided that they are registered on the crew and personnel list.

Article 23

(Evidence of the existence of means of subsistence)

(1) Evidence of means of subsistence needed to support an alien referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) paragraph (3) item a) shall be brought through either:

- a) Possession of cash in the national or an international convertible currency;
- b) possession of any forms of non-cash payment means recognized by the banking system of BiH or means enabling withdrawal of money in BiH, or a guarantee of a bank from BiH which accepts the non-cash payment means possessed by the alien;
- c) a letter of invitation referred to in Article 34 (Invitation letter) of this Law;
- d) Possession of evidence of board and lodgings paid or travel organized; or
- e) possession of assets (immovable property in BiH based on which it is possible to provide the means of subsistence to support an alien during the time of his/her stay in

BiH, funds arising from direct foreign investments, manufacturing-technical coordination or cooperation, and the like).

(2) In the event that an alien is in possession of evidence of the paid individual or collective travel health care insurance, he/she is considered to be in possession of the resources provided for health care in the sense of Article 19, paragraph (3) item a) of this Law.

(3) An alien holding the work permit in BiH is considered to have met the requirements regarding the possession of means of subsistence.

(4) Evidence of the existing means that are required for exit of an alien from the country may be produced through possession of a valid travel ticket for continuation of the travel or for return, as well as by the fact that the alien is in legal possession of a transportation means.

Article 24

(Equal treatment of the residence permits holders and BiH nationals in terms of entry)

Aliens with a passport to which the temporary or permanent BiH residence permit sticker is affixed, while entering BiH shall be treated equally as BiH nationals as long as this permit is valid.

Section B. Refusal of entry into BiH

Article 25

(Reasons for entry refusal)

(1) An alien shall be refused to enter BiH if he/she fails to meet the entry requirements referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) nor shall they be subject to application of the international treaty or decision referred to in Article 20 (Entry on special conditions) of this Law.

(2) An alien may be refused entry to BiH besides the reasons referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, if:

- a) when attempting to enter the BiH present a forged passport;
- b) when attempting to enter in BiH present a forged visa or residence permit;
- c) has already spent on the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina 90 days in the period of six months from the date of first entry, and it is a national of a country with no visa regime, unless he is not subject to the provision of Article 20 this law;

d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that they will perform the kind of work for which the work permit is required, and it is not subject to the provisions of Article 84 of this Law

Article 26

(Procedure and consequence of entry refusal)

- (1) Entry refusal at the border shall be decided by the Border Police.
- (2) An alien whom entry into BiH was refused because they do not meet the requirements for entry into BiH specified in this Act shall issue a decision on refusal of entry.
- 3) An alien whom entry into BiH has been refused shall be warned that he must immediately leave the border crossing.
- (4) The entry refusal decision must indicate the reason for refusal of entry, and shall be issued on form signed by the alien. If the alien has refused to sign the decision, the authorized officer shall enter such remark into the form. A copy of the decision shall be handed over to the alien. Should the alien refuse to receive the decision, that fact shall be indicated as a remark in the decision form and the decision shall be served to him/her.
- (5) The entry refusal decision shall be enforced immediately, by affixing the stamp imprint »ENTRY DENIED « or other appropriate mark into the alien's travel document. If the alien is not in possession of a travel document where the stamp imprint or other appropriate mark could be affixed, this fact shall be indicated as a remark in the decision form.
- (6) Against the refusal decision at the border an appeal may be filed to the Ministry within 15 days following the day of delivery or service of the decision. The appeal shall not stay the enforcement of the decision.
- (7) An alien whom entry has been refused may enter into BiH after he eliminate the reasons for which entry has been refused .

Section C. Visas

Article 27

(General provisions on visas)

- (1) Visa is a authorization for transit through the international transit area of the airport or the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina or approval for an intended stay in the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina in the period specified in the visa.
- (2) In general, an alien shall have the obligation to obtain a visa before arriving at BiH a border crossing post.

(3) A visa can be issued only to the alien in possession of a valid passport with an expiry date exceeding the visa expiry date by at least three months.

(4) Possession of a visa does not constitute an unconditional right of an alien to enter BiH.

(5) A visa does not provide an alien with a right to employment in BiH unless this law provides otherwise.

Article 28

(Types of visas)

The competent bodies of BiH may issue the following visas:

- a) airport transit visas (Visa A),
- b) short-term stay visas (Visa C),
- c) long-term stay visas (Visa D)

Article 29

(Airport transit visa – Visa A)

(1) The airport transit visa (Visa A) enables the alien to pass through an international transit area of an airport without an actual entry into the country, during the discontinuation or continuation of an international flight.

(2) In general, aliens who do not leave the transit area of an airport or an airplane situated at an airport in BiH, during a continuing journey, do not require visas.

(3) Exceptionally, the BiH Council of Ministers may decide that citizens of certain countries or travelers on certain passengers' lines require an airport transit visa.

(4) An alien may be issued, in accordance to his/her request, an airport transit visa for a certain number of crossings via the international area of the airport during the transit period.

Article 30

(Transit visa – Visa B)

(1) A transit visa (Visa B) enables an alien traveling from a country to a third country to transit through the territory of BiH.

(2) A transit visa will be issued for one, two or, in exceptional cases, multiple transits through the territory of BiH.

(3) The total period of stay in the territory of BiH, during one transit voyage, can not be longer than five days.

(4) A transit visa may be issued only if an alien is in possession of an entry visa of a neighboring country to which he/she travels or through the territory of which he/she continues to travel, provided that he/she requires the visa or that there are no reasons to suspect that the alien will not be able to enter the third country.

(5) The issues of transit visa validity shall be regulated by a bylaw of the Ministry after obtaining an opinion from the MoFA.

Article 31

(Short-term stay visas - Visa C)

(1) The short stay visa (visa C) allows an alien one or more transit, of the entry or residence in the country. No continuous stay or the total duration of several consecutive stays in Bosnia can not be longer than 90 days for a period of six months from the date of first entry.

(2) A short-term stay visa shall be issued for a validity period not exceeding one year.

(3) Exceptionally, a short-term stay visa may also be issued for a validity period of longer than one year if this is in the interest of BiH, which is decided by the MoFA BiH upon the consent obtained from the Ministry.

Article 32

(Long-term stay visa – Visa D)

(1) A long-term stay visa (Visa D) shall enable an alien to enter and stay in BiH within the period of up to six months within one year, commencing from the date of the first entry. A long-term visa shall be issued for a single or multiple entries into BiH..

(2) A long-term stay visa shall be issued exceptionally in such situations where for the purposes of stay in BiH a period of more than 90 days is required within the period of six (6) months.

(3) A long-term stay visa shall be issued for a validity period not exceeding one year..

(4) Exceptionally, a long-term stay visa may be issued for a period of longer than one year if this is in the interest of BiH, which shall be decided by the MoFA BiH upon the approval of the Service.

(5) The issuance of a long-term visa shall require the prior consent of the Service.

(6) Upon the request for issue of a long-term visa, a Diplomatic and Consular Representation of BiH (hereinafter referred to as: DCR) shall collect all required documentation and forward it to the Service in order for it to give or deny its consent referred to in paragraph (5) of this Article.

(7) Once it has obtained the consent from the Service, the MoFA shall, by its by-law, further stipulate the situations in which a long-term stay visa (Visa D) may be issued and the procedure for issue of such visas.

Article 33

(Visa issue conditions)

(1) Visa applicants shall provide their particulars including biometric data (photo, fingerprint, and signature) as requested, as well as other necessary information and the purpose of entry into BiH. The visa application shall be filed on a prescribed form, which must be filled in accurately and completely.

(2) In addition to the application for issue of a short-stay visa (Visa C), an applicant shall enclose:

- a) a letter of invitation referred to in Article 34. (Letter of invitation) of this Law;
- b) a copy of court summons or other official invitation by which the applicant is summoned to respond in legal proceedings maintained in BiH;
- c) a copy of evidence of the paid tourist travel, including the lodging and transportation, or evidence of an arranged travel or paid lodgings, as necessary;
- d) a certificate confirming the admission to education or training; or
- e) another document based on which a reasonable conclusion may be drawn about the purpose and conditions of the intended stay in BiH, where possible and necessary.

(3) Should any suspicion arise as to the indicated purpose of entry into BiH, an officer of DCR of BiH may request the alien to provide a certificate confirming the possession of real property or a certificate confirming the permanent sources of income in the country of origin or the country of initial destination or a certificate on enrollment of studies or the like, or evidence substantiating a reasonable conclusion that the alien shall leave the country after his/her legal stay.

(4) The officer may also request evidence or explanation of data or information from the visa application, as well as to have an interview with the applicant.

(5) The condition for issue of a short-term visa is prescribed by paragraph (2) of this Article shall appropriately apply also in cases of issue of a long-term visa (Visa D).

(6) Technical issues about the conditions for issuance of an airport transit visa (Visa A) and transit visa (Visa) shall be regulated by a bylaw of the MoFA after an opinion is obtained from the Ministry.

Article 34

(Letter of invitation)

(1) The letter of invitation is a letter whereby an alien is invited to come to BiH for a specific purpose within a designated period of time.

(2) A letter of invitation for entry into BiH may be issued by a BiH citizen or an alien with the approved permanent stay in BiH, or by a national or international legal person registered in BiH.

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this Article, a invitation letter for the purpose of family reunification or visits may be issued to a foreigner who resides on the basis of temporary residence in BiH for more than 18 months, nad to a foreigner with a temporary residence permit up to one year invitation letter can be issued exclusively for the purposes the visit.

(4) A letter of invitation shall be issued on a prescribed form and must contain a statement that the party issuing the letter of invitation shall assume an obligation to provide for the lodgings, cover the expenses of a medical treatment, provide for subsistence and cover other costs that may arise during the alien's stay in BiH, the costs of placing him/her under supervision, the costs of his/her voluntary return or forceful removal, as well as all other costs of the alien's departure from BiH, unless the alien is able to cover these costs him/herself.

(5) A letter of invitation must be certified by the Service in the place of permanent residence or the seat of the party issuing the letter. The Service shall certify the letter based on evidence or the grounds of the statement by which the obligation and costs referred to in paragraph (4) of this Article are assumed.

(6) In the event referred to in paragraph (3) of this Article, the Service shall also certify the letter of invitation based on evidence on the truthfulness of the family reunification purpose.

(7) Service may endorse and group letter of invitation for a minimum of five and a maximum of 50 persons who are traveling in the common passport.

(8) A letter of invitation, according to this Act, shall be considered an official act of the state, entity and cantonal authorities, the authorities of Brcko District of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as well as diplomatic and consular mission of a foreign state or international organization with diplomatic status in BiH.

Article 35

(Issuance of visa for a collective passport)

(1) Visas for collective passports shall be issued as an airport transit visa (Visa A); a transit visa (Visa B) or; as a short-term stay visa (Visa C), for a group of aliens with a minimum number of five persons and a maximum number of fifty persons and who are lead by a person with his/her own personal passport and, where necessary, with an individual visa.

(2) A short-term stay visa (Visa C) may be issued for a collective passport for a validity period not exceeding 30 days, if the members of the group enter, stay in and leave from the BiH territory, collectively.

Article 36

(Issuing authority and place of issue)

- (1) Visas shall be issued by the BiH Diplomatic and Consular Representation offices (hereinafter referred to as: BiH DCRs)
- (2) An alien shall have the obligation to obtain a visa prior to their entry to BiH and shall file a visa application in person, when summoned by the authority referred to in the preceding paragraph.
- (3) Prior to the visa issue, a BiH DCR shall in case of issue of a long term visa (Visa D) and in other cases provided hereunder, request the prior consent from the Service.
- (4) against the decision which application on issuing visa is rejected appeal can be submitted to Ministry of Foreign Affairs, through diplomatic BiH, within 15 days of receiving the decision.
- (5) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, where required for reasons of national security, humanitarian, serious professional or personal reasons, at the border post, the Border Police may issue a short-term stay visa (Visa C) for a single entry of 15 days or a transit visa (Visa B) or an airport transit visa (Visa A) .
- (6) At the border post, the visa referred to in paragraph (5) of this Article may be issued only on condition that:
 - a) the alien, notwithstanding the requirement of Article 19 (General entry conditions), paragraph (2), has met the basic and other general requirements for entry into BiH referred to in Article 19, paragraphs (1) and (3) of this Law,
 - b) the alien has proved that he/she was unable to file a visa application in advance, and
 - c) the alien has produced one or more documents proving an imperative reason for entry into BiH and providing guarantees concerning his/her return to the country of origin or the county of habitual residence.
- (7) In the event that the visa has been issued at the border post, the Border Police may order that the alien be allowed to enter BiH only at a designated border crossing.
- (8) Against the decision which application on issuing visa is rejected at the border appeal can be submitted to Ministry within 15 days of receiving the decision. The appeal does not suspended enforcement.

Article 37

(Time limits for obtaining consent from the central government)

- (1) When there is a mandatory requirement for a BiH DCR to request the prior consent from the Service, before issuing any visa [Article 36 (Issuing authority and place of issue) paragraph (3)], the Service shall respond at its earliest convenience, but not

later than within seven (7) days following the receipt of the request. The Service shall inform the MoFA of its response.

(2) Where no response is received by a BiH DCR upon its request from the Service within seven

(7) days of the receipt thereof, it shall be considered that the consent is given and that there are no legal impediments for the issue of the visa.

Article 38

(Visa renewal)

(1) No visa shall be renewable.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this Article, a short-term visa (Visa C) may be renewed due to force majeure, for humanitarian, serious professional or personal reasons, but in accordance with the rules applicable to visa issuing.

(3) A request for an extension of the visa shall be submitted to the Service before the expiry of validity of the visa and / or authorization for residence granted on the basis of issued visa. Service shall decide on an extension visa within seven days of receipt of the request. An alien may reside in BiH until the decision on the request for an extension visa.

(4) Against the decision which request for an extension of visa is refused or rejects appeal may be submitted to the Ministry within three days of receipt of the decision. The appeal does not suspend enforcement

Article 39

(Refusal of visa issuing applications and extremely issuance of a visa for humanitarian reasons)

(1) Application for Visa shall be refused if:

a) where the alien has failed to meet the BiH entry requirements referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) paragraphs (1), (3), (5) and (6), nor he/she shall be subject to application of the international agreement or decision referred to in Article 20. (Entry on special conditions) of this Law;

b) where the visa issue application has not been filed on an appropriate form or the application form is not filled out completely and legibly;

c) where the alien has failed to respond to the summons of the BiH DCR to file the visa application in person; or

d) where the alien has failed to respond to the summons of a DCR BiH officer to appear at an interview or has failed to meet the request of the officer to produce evidence and clarify the data and information indicated in the visa application.

e) If the alien has already stayed 90 days in BiH, and has not passed six months from the date of first entry;

f) If the deadline of validity of foreigner passports in which visa was entered expires in less than three months from the last day of intended stay in or

g) if refuses to provide biometric data when submitting the application.

(2) Under exceptional circumstances, the visa may also be issued in the cases referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article for humanitarian reasons or if it is in the interest of BiH or in accordance with the recognized international obligations.

Article 40

(Reducing of the visa validity)

(1) In the event that a competent authority has established that an alien does not have sufficient means of subsistence, the authority may reduce the validity of the visa.

(2) The reducing of the validity of the visa reduces the expiry date of the visa or the number of days or months approved within the visa validity.

(3) The competent authority referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article are the Service and the Border Police.

(4) Against the decision which reduces deadline of validity of the visa appeal may be submitted to the Ministry within three days of receiving the decision.

Article 41

(Visa cancellation at the border)

(1) A visa shall be cancelled at the border crossing prior to entry into BiH, if it is determined that the visa was mistakenly issued to an alien with an extant entry ban or it is determined that the visa is forged or acquired by fraud

(2) Decision to cancel a visa in the cases referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be taken by the Border Police.

(3) Decision referred to in paragraph (2) shall be enforceable with immediate effect. The Border Police shall cancel the visas at the border by affixing a stamp »CANCELLED« or another appropriate mark across the visa.

(4) Against the decision annulling visa on the border appeal may be filed with the Ministry within 15 days of receiving the decision. An appeal does not postpone decision execution.

Article 42

(Visa cancellation in the country)

(1) A visa shall be cancelled to an alien who has entered and is residing in the territory of BiH, in the following cases:

- a) where the alien has failed to respect the legal order in BiH [Article 9 (Obligation to respect the legal order of BiH)] or has undertaken an activity undermining the security of BiH or is posing a threat to security of BiH or is a member of an organization planning to undertake such activities;
- b) Where the alien is in any way whatsoever involved in criminal activities, especially any organized, cross-border or international crime or is a member of an organization planning or undertaking the said activities;
- c) where the alien is organizing or is connected with organizing the illegal entry, stay or exit of individuals or groups into and from BiH, or if he/she organizes or is involved in human trafficking;
- d) where the alien has violated or attempted to violate the regulations governing the BiH state border crossing, no matter whether the violation has occurred while entering or leaving BiH;
- e) where the circumstances at the time of visa issue have since altered to such an extent that it would currently be impossible to issue a visa;
- f) where the alien has provided false information or concealed the circumstances of relevance to the issue of the visa;
- g) where the alien performs an activity requiring a work permit, although not in possession of the work permit in BiH;
- h) where the alien's presence constitutes a threat to the legal order, security and international obligations of BiH;
- i) where the alien is convicted by a final and binding verdict of having perpetrated a criminal act punishable by law with imprisonment of one (1) year or a more serious punishment; or
- j) where the alien has used forged documents to enter and stay in BiH.

(2) The grounds for determination of visa cancellation prescribed in paragraph (1) of this Article are the existence of an international arrest warrant, information available to the authorized officers of the Service, final and binding court decisions or notifications from the competent authorities and security services in BiH.

(3) An alien whose visa is canceled due to the reasons in paragraph (1), items a), b), c), d), f), h) i) and j) of this Law and has not been deprived of freedom, may be the subject to expulsion measures, and placed under supervision pending his/her departure from the territory of BiH,.

(4) An alien who has had his/her visa annulled and has not been the subject to expulsion measures, shall be issued a time limit of a maximum of 8 days to depart from BiH.

(5) Pending his/her departure from the territory of BiH, an alien whose visa has been canceled but is not subject to expulsion measures, shall be placed under supervision provided that there are reasons prescribed by this Law.

(6) The authority canceling a visa or reducing its validity shall immediately provide a written notification to the senior competent authority about the above mentioned visas, and the senior authority shall in turn inform the Ministry, the Service and the MoFA BiH about the said facts.

Article 43

(Visa cancellation procedure)

(1) The decision on visa cancellation shall in the cases referred to in Article 42 (Visa cancellation in the country) paragraph (1) of this Law shall be issued by a territorially competent organizational unit of the Service ex officio or upon a reasoned proposal of another authority.

(2) The decision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be enforced with immediate effect. The visa shall be cancelled by a territorially competent organizational unit of the Service by affixing a stamp »CANCELED « or another appropriate mark across the visa.

(3) Against the decision annulling visa in the country appeal may be submitted with the Ministry within 3 days of the day of receiving the decision.

Article 44

(Bylaws regulating the technical matters of relevance for the alien entry)

(1) The types of travel documents, the procedure with a group entry of aliens from the non-visa regime countries, the format and layout of the visa application form, as well as the procedure of issuing a visa at the border, shall all further be regulated by a separate bylaw of the Ministry upon obtaining an opinion from the MoFA.

(2) The invitation letter form, as well as the procedure of certifying the invitation letter for entry into BiH, shall be further regulated by a separate bylaw of the Ministry upon obtaining an opinion from the Service.

(3) The procedure of entry, the form of the decision denying the entry and further procedure of denying the entry into BiH shall all be regulated by a separate bylaw of the Ministry upon obtaining an opinion from the Border Police.

(4) Where required, other technical matters of relevance for the alien entry may be regulated by a separate bylaw of the Ministry upon obtaining an opinion from the another competent authority referred to in paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) of this Article.

(5) The procedure of issuing visas at DCRs of BiH shall be regulated by a separate bylaw of the MoFA upon obtaining an opinion from the Ministry.

CHAPTER III. TRAVEL DOCUMENTS FOR ALIENS

Article 45

(Types of travels documents for aliens)

The travel documents for aliens are:

- a) the travel document for refugees,
- b) the travel document for stateless persons,
- c) the travel permit for an alien.

Article 46

(Issuing the travel documents for aliens)

- (1) The travel documents for aliens shall be issued to the aliens whose refugee status has been recognized in BiH or are stateless persons or require a travel permit.
- (2) The travel documents for aliens shall be issued by the Service in the temporary or permanent residence of the alien, whereas the travel documents for refugees shall be issued by the Ministry.
- (3) The travel documents for aliens shall be issued with the validity period of up to one year, except in the case of a travel permit, which is valid for a single journey.
- (4) The alien travel document holders younger than 18 (minors) may travel to foreign countries only if accompanied by parents or a legal representative or an attorney with a power-of- attorney by either parents or legal representative, or must have parental or legal representative's consent if traveling unaccompanied.

Article 47

(Alien travel permits)

- (1) A travel permit for aliens is a travel document valid for one single travel and shall be issued to an alien:
 - a) whose valid travel document has been lost or destroyed and cannot be replaced, or the alien has otherwise remained without it, while in BiH there is neither a DCR of the country of his/her nationality nor the alien's interests been represented by another state, in order to give that alien an opportunity to return to the country of his/her habitual place of residence or a country that has admitted the alien concerned;

b) who is or has been granted international protection or temporary protection or is in the procedure of acquiring such status, in order to give him/her an opportunity of voluntary return to his/her native country or the country of his/her habitual residence or into the third country which has admitted the concerned person;

c) Who has been released from BiH citizenship for the purpose of traveling abroad

(2) A travel permit for aliens may in addition to the cases referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article also be issued in other cases if there exist justified reasons for such an action.

(3) A travel permit for aliens shall be issued by the competent organizational unit of the Service to which a loss, destruction or other form of disappearance of the travel document has been reported, and/or the unit on the territory of which the alien is residing.

Article 48

(Non-issuance of the alien travel documents)

(1) The alien travel document shall not be issued:

a) To an alien against whom criminal or misdemeanor proceedings are in progress, except in case of absence of the consent from the authority in charge of the proceedings;

b) to an alien convicted to an imprisonment sentence or to pay a fine or on whom a measure of forfeiture of the property gain has been imposed or who is liable to compensate a damage, until the alien serves the sentence or pays the fine, or returns the property gain or compensates the damage; or

c) Where it is required for the reasons of protection of public legal order, security of BiH or public health.

(2) Where the Service has established the existence of any reasons referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, it shall withdraw the already issued travel document for aliens for as long as such reasons exist and shall notify thereof the Ministry.

(3) In the event referred to in paragraph (3) of this Article, the Service shall issue a certificate confirming the withdrawal of the alien travel document.

Article 49

(Obligations of an alien in connection with the travel documents for aliens)

(1) An alien may not transfer his/her travel document for aliens to another person, nor may he/she use another person's travel document as his/her own. Otherwise, the authorized officer shall, immediately after becoming aware of such facts, report a criminal offense in accordance with the Criminal Procedure Code.

(2) An alien whose temporary residence has been canceled as provided by this Law or an alien who has acquired the BiH citizenship, shall immediately, but not later than within

three days after the said circumstance arise, return the travel document for aliens to the territorially competent organizational unit of the Service that issued the travel document.

(3) An alien shall report any loss, destruction or other form of disappearance of his/her alien travel document, immediately after becoming aware of such facts, to the territorially competent organizational unit of the Service or the police in his/her place of temporary residence, whereas if such facts have taken place outside BiH – to the nearest BiH DCR.

(4) The authority to which the facts referred to in paragraph (3) of this Article have been reported, shall issue to the alien a certificate confirming the reporting of loss, destruction, or other form of disappearance of the alien travel document. Where the alien has reported such facts to the police or to a BiH DCR, the police or the BiH DCR shall immediately, but not later within the same day, inform the organizational unit of the Service on whose territory the alien has taken his/her residence.

(5) A lost, destroyed or otherwise disappeared travel document for aliens, shall be announced as invalid in the »Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina«, at the expense of the alien.

Article 50

(Bylaws governing the technical matters of relevance for the alien travel documents)

Format, layout, necessary documents attached to the application for issuance of alien travel documents, the issuance procedure and other technical matters of relevance for the travel documents for aliens shall be governed by a separate bylaw of the Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH, upon obtaining an opinion from the Service and the Ministry.

CHAPTER IV. RESIDENCE OF ALIENS IN BIH

Section A. Forms of alien residence in BiH

Article 51

(Forms of residence)

- (1) For the purpose of the present Law, the residence of aliens shall refer to:
- a) visa residence,
 - b) Non-visa residence,
 - c) Temporary residence,
 - d) Permanent residence.

- (2) Visa residence is the right of stay of aliens in BiH for the period stated in the visa.
- (3) Non-visa residence is the right of stay in BiH of aliens arriving from non-visa regime countries, during the period referred to in Article 21. (Exemption from visa requirement) paragraph (2) of this Law.
- (4) Temporary residence is residence of an alien in the territory of BiH for a period of up to one year, unless otherwise specified in the residence permit.
- (5) Permanent residence is the right of stay of aliens in BiH for an indefinite period of time.

Section B. Temporary residence

Article 52

(Grounds for issuing a temporary residence permit)

- 1) A temporary residence permit may be issued for legitimate reasons such as marriage or an extramarital community with a B&H citizen, family reunification, education, employment upon issued work permit, working without a work permit, treatment or rehabilitation, staying in a nursing home or for humanitarian reasons and from other similar justified reason or reasons based on an international treaty where B&H is a party to the agreement."
- (2) A temporary residence permit may be issued for exceptional cases based on real-estate ownership where there is an effective connection of an alien to BiH.
- (3) An alien who has entered BiH on the grounds of a visa other than a long-stay visa (Visa D) or on the grounds of a non-visa regime entry, but without the priorly obtained work permit, may not be granted temporary residence on the grounds of work with the work permit while the alien is residing in the country.
- (4) A temporary residence permit may be issued for a period of up to one year, for which the passport validity must be at least three months longer than the time for which than the temporary residence was granted.
- (5) Temporary residence issued on humanitarian grounds in cases as prescribed in Article 54 paragraph (1) item a) of this Law shall be granted for the period of up to 6 (six) months.
- (6) Renewal of the temporary residence may be approved at the alien's request, but only on the same grounds on which the alien was granted the temporary residence whose renewal he/she has requested.

Article 53

(General conditions for granting temporary residence)

- (1) Temporary residence can be granted to an alien on condition that:
- a) the alien is in possession of evidence substantiating the existence of grounds required for granting such temporary residence,
 - b) the alien is in possession of the sufficient funds to support himself/herself,
 - c) the alien in possession of a medical certificate issued not later than three months prior to the date of filing the application, showing that he/she does not suffer from a disease that represents a threat to public health in BiH, excluding circumstances where a disease occurred after the first, approved, temporary residence in the BiH ,
 - d) the alien has confirmed adequate accommodation in BiH,
 - e) the alien has confirmed health insurance in BiH,
 - f) the alien is in possession of a passport with an expiry date of a minimum three months longer than the period for which the temporary residence approval is requested, and
 - g) a certificate confirming that no criminal proceedings are in progress against the alien and a certificate confirming that the alien has not been sanctioned for criminal offences, issued by a competent authority of the country of his/her habitual residence;
- (2) Evidence referred to in item a) of paragraph (1) of this Article shall refer to:
- a) Marriage certificate or other relevant evidence of marriage that is legally valid in BiH, or evidence that eligible to confirm the existence of a common law marriage;
 - b) Birth certificate or other relevant affidavit of family relationship;
 - c) a work permit in BiH;
 - d) Proof of accommodation in a nursing home;
 - f) a medical report accompanied with the recommendation of a medical institution confirming the necessity of long-term medical treatment in BiH;
 - g) Documents on completed education and qualifications obtained;;
 - h) Evidence that the alien has resided on the basis of of international agreements to which BiH is a party
 - i) Evidence that the alien belongs to one of the categories from Article 84 paragraph (1) of this Act, if the request for a temporary residence permit on the basis of work without a work permit;
 - j) Evidence of ownership of a real estate and existence of an effective connection with BiH;
 - k) Other evidence required to support a reasonable conclusion that there are justified grounds for the alien's stay in the country, which is assessed by the Service when deciding the matters of Article 60 (Application for the first temporary residence permit, request for renewal of the residence permit and competency) paragraph (6) of this Law..

(3) It is believed that a foreigner who has a work permit to work in BiH meets the requirements relating to the possession of means of subsistence and medical insurance.

(4) If an alien applies for an extension of temporary stay he can be exempted from the requirement of obtaining evidence under paragraph (1) item c) and g) of this Article, which shall be decided by the Service.

Article 54

(Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds)

(1) Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds may be granted to an alien who fails to meet the general requirements for granting temporary residence as provided by Article 53 (General conditions for granting temporary residence) of this Law, and so in the following cases:

a) where an alien who has been a victim of organized crime and/or trafficking of human beings, for the purpose of providing protection and assistance for his/her rehabilitation and repatriation into the country of his/her habitual residence, or a country which will admit the alien;

b) to a minor child of an alien if he/she who has been abandoned or is a victim of organized crime or if the minor is without parental protection or custody, or unaccompanied for any other reason whatsoever;

c) to a stateless person;

d) to an alien found to have met the requirements of Article 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) of this Law, and to whom no international protection has been granted in accordance with this Law;

e) for other justified humanitarian reasons which the Ministry shall stipulate by way of by-laws.

(2) Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds may also be granted to an alien who fails to fulfill the requirements necessary for the granting of temporary residence prescribed by Article 53 of this Law, in cases where his/her presence in BiH is required to enable the conduct of court proceedings, and/or in cases where the alien co-operates with authorities for the purposes of revealing criminal offenses and their offenders, or if he/she has been a victim of organized crime and his/her presence in BiH is essential for the conducting of court proceedings.

(3) An alien to whom a temporary residence permit has been granted on humanitarian grounds based on item a) paragraph (1) of this Article, as a victim of trafficking whose stay in the country is necessary due to the cooperation with the competent authorities for investigation in the detection and prosecution of the crime of trafficking have the right to: adequate and safe accommodation, access to emergency medical care, psychological support, information on the legal status, legal aid in criminal and other proceedings in which they accomplish other rights, access to the labor market under the conditions that apply to an alien, as well as access to professional training and

education . A child who has been granted a temporary stay as a victim of trafficking has access to education.

(4) An alien who has been granted a temporary stay for humanitarian reasons under paragraph

(1) item c) of this Article shall have the right to work under the same conditions that apply to an alien, and shall have access to basic education under the same conditions as nationals BH.

(5) Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds specified by regulation of the Council of Ministers, as provided in paragraph (1), item e) of this article, can not in any case be approved contrary to the requirement from Article 62 (Refusal and rejection of applications for residence) of paragraph (1) item d) of this Act.

(6) The procedure for granting temporary residence on humanitarian grounds shall be implemented by Service.

(7) An alien who has been granted temporary residence under paragraph (1) of this Article, with no valid passport, shall be issued a certificate of identity. Form, content, validity deadline, treatment, and other issues related to the issuing of a certificate of identity will be prescribed by special regulation of the Ministry after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Civil Affairs and the services ..

Article 55

(Recommendation of a competent authority)

For granting temporary residence on humanitarian grounds under Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) paragraph 1, items a), b) d) and e), as well as paragraph 2 of this Law, the assessment of the authority before which the appropriate (administrative, court) proceedings have been conducted, or by recommendation of another competent authority, or the report of a health specialist from the appropriate health institution showing the necessity for his/her treatment and rehabilitation, shall be required in addition to other evidence relevant to assess the merit of the application.

Article 56

(Protection of victims of human trafficking)

1. The Ministry is responsible for providing special protection and assistance to victims of trafficking in human beings for the purpose of their rehabilitation and repatriation into their country of habitual residence or country of admission.

2. The Ministry shall, by way of a by-law, specify the rules and standards of their treatment as well as of other issues concerning the admission of victims of trafficking of human beings, their rehabilitation and return (repatriation).

Article 57

(Temporary residence on the grounds of family reunification)

(1) Close family members of a BiH national who has taken the permanent residence in BiH, or of an alien holding a permanent residence permit in BiH, or an alien who resides on the basis of temporary residence in BiH longer than 18 months may be granted a temporary residence for the purpose of family reunification under the following conditions:

a) where a BiH citizen and/or an alien holding a residence permit in BiH has a definite place of accommodation for himself/herself and family members for whom he/she is requesting the residence permit on the grounds of family reunification, has a permanent source of income, or where he/she is in the possession of sufficient means of subsistence in order to support the respective applicants in BiH,

b) Where a BiH citizen and/or an alien holding a residence permit in BiH has confirmed health insurance for himself/herself and the family members for which he/she requests the residence permits on the grounds of family reunification,

c) Where there are no reasons which would prohibit the issuance of residence permits as set out in Article 53 (General conditions for granting temporary residence permit), paragraph 1, items c), f) and g) of herein or the reasons under Article 62 (Refusal and rejection of applications for a residence permit) paragraph 1, item g) herein.

(2) For the purpose of this Article and Law, close family members shall refer to:

a) A spouse or common law partner of a BiH citizen and/or an alien holding a residence permit in BiH, given that the marriage or common law marriage is legally valid in BiH, pursuant to Article 5 (Definitions), items p) and r) herein.

b) Children under 18 years of age or dependent adult children residing in the same household, children born through marriage or out of marriage children, adopted children or stepchildren.

c) Dependent parents

(3) Temporary residence granted on the grounds of family reunification may be extended in line with the same conditions upon which the residence permit has been issued.

(4) Notwithstanding the paragraph (3) of this Article, an adult alien who has continuously resided in BiH for 3 (three) years, with temporary residence approved for the purpose of family reunification shall acquire the right for approval of their independent request for temporary residence under some other grounds if he/she fulfils the conditions regulated within this Law for the purpose of approval of temporary residence based on other grounds other than family reunification.

Article 58

(Residence in event of cessation of marriage and of common law marriage)

If a marriage or common law marriage has resulted in cessation during the period of validity of a temporary residence permit issued for the purpose of family reunification, a former spouse or common law marriage partner who has been granted temporary residence as a close family member pursuant to provision of Article 57 (Temporary residence on the grounds of family reunification), shall not acquire the right to extend his/her temporary residence, except in the following cases:

- a) He/she has custody of a minor child holding BiH citizenship,
 - b) Death of the spouse or common law marriage partner on the grounds of who the temporary residence for the purpose of family reunification has been granted, if he/she proves that he/she has acquired the right to work in accordance with provisions of this Law or possesses secured means for his/her own sustenance and sustenance of family members, as well as the health insurance, or if he/she resides in BiH for the purpose of studying and files a statement on means for his/her sustenance and sustenance of family members, and if he/she has the health insurance, or
 - c) He/she has expressed reasons relevant for the granting of temporary residence on humanitarian grounds in the sense of Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) of this Law.
- (2) As an exception, a temporary residence permit on grounds of family reunification can be granted to an alien who had been granted temporary stay before the death of spouse or common-law partner who was a citizen of Bosnia and Herzegovina, if he took custody of a minor child who is a citizen of Bosnia and Herzegovina and resides in BiH, after the death of spouse or common-law partners.

Part C. Permanent Residence

Article 59.

(Conditions for issuing a permanent residence permit)

- 1) A permanent residence permit shall be issued to an alien on the following conditions:
 - a) That he/she has resided in the territory of BiH on the basis of a temporary residence permit for at least five years uninterruptedly prior to submitting the application for issuance of a permanent residence permit,
 - b) That he/she has sufficient and regular funds in order to support himself/herself,,
 - c) That he/she has confirmed adequate accommodation,
 - d) That he/she has confirmed health insurance.
 - e) speaks one of the languages in official use in BiH and
 - f) that no criminal proceedings are in progress against the alien and that the alien has not been sanctioned for criminal offences, which is evidenced by a certificate issued by a competent authority of the country of his/her habitual residence;

(2) examination of the knowledge one of the languages in official use in BiH can conduct higher education institutions, upper secondary schools or adult education, which based on the approval of the competent ministries of education in BiH implement programs for learning and passing languages in official use in BiH . Examination on the language does not have to take the preschool children, persons attending or completing primary, secondary or higher education in one of the languages in official use in BiH, and individuals older than 60 years of life if are not employed. Costs of any language courses and exams bears stranger.

(3) It is believed that the alien stayed continuously in and if during the period of five years absent from BH repeated until a total of 10 months or six months once.

(4) Application for permanent residence permit alien is required to submit during the term of the temporary stay.

(5) Although foreigner meets the requirements for permanent residence it shall not be granted if they were in the past five years in BiH:

a) on the basis of temporary protection, or has applied for approval of temporary protection and is awaiting a decision on his status;

b) on the basis of international protection, or has applied for international protection and is awaiting a decision on his status;

c) On the basis of legal status provided the by Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations of 1961., the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations of 1963., Special Missions Convention in 1969. or the Vienna Convention on the representatives of countries and their relations with international organizations in the Universal Charter of 1975.;

d) on the basis of a temporary residence permit on humanitarian grounds under Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) of paragraph (1) point b), c), d) and e) of this Act;

e) because he is serving a sentence, or executing other criminal sanctions or other obligation determined by a court decision or other competent authority;

f) based on the treatment or rehabilitation;

g) on the basis of work without a work permit in order to implement the project relevant for BiH, which is implemented by international or local institutions or humanitarian organization, association, foundation or other organization;

h) on the basis of work without a work permit, if the alien provides services on behalf of a foreign employer or he is volunteer, or

i) on the basis of of family reunification with a foreigner whose temporary stay does not fall to the ground for granting a permanent stay in BiH.

(6) An alien whom is accorded temporary residence on the basis of education, in time required for permanent residence aprovall under paragraph (1) item a) of this Article, calculated half the time spent on the basis of a temporary residence permit. Application

for permanent residency, which is submitted from temporary residence can not be the basis of education.

Part D. Procedure of issuing a residence permit and the ID card to an alien

Article 60

(Application for the first temporary residence permit, request for extension of the residence permit and competency)

(1) An application for the first temporary residence permit and the request for extension of the residence permit shall be submitted to the Service. The request to the Service coming from abroad shall be filed through a BiH DCR, and the request within BiH shall be submitted directly with the competent organizational unit of the Service.

(2) As a rule, the application for the first temporary residence permit must be submitted outside BiH through DCR, by applicant in person.

(3) In the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, an alien may file the application for the first temporary residence permit only as outlined below:

- a. In case he/she entered BiH with a long- term visa (type D visa), or
- b. In case he/she is a citizen of a country with no visa regime.

(4) An application for a first temporary residence permit under paragraph (3) herein is to be submitted to the competent organizational unit of the Service, in person or through a legal representative for alien lacking legal capacity, within 15 days the latest prior to expiry of long term visa (visa D), or non-visa stay.

(5) A request for extension of residence permit shall be submitted in BiH directly to the competent organizational unit of the Service, and outside BiH through the DCR BiH in person or through a legal representative for alien lacking legal capacity, within 15 days prior to expiry of a valid residence permit.

(6) An application for a first temporary residence permit and the request for extension of residence permit shall be decided by the Service in the form of a (written) decision. The Service shall render the decision and serve the aliens as soon as possible and at the latest within 60 days following the filing of the legitimate application if the application has been submitted through a BiH DCR or within 30 days if the application was submitted directly to the competent organizational unit of the Service.

(7) If the application for residence permit is submitted in accordance with paragraph (3) herein, the applicant shall be issued an attestation of the submitted application, which shall serve in lieu of a residence permit, pending a final decision upon the application.

Article 61

(Children of aliens with granted residence)

(1) A child born in the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina or outside Bosnia and Herzegovina, whose parents are aliens holding a residence permit in Bosnia and Herzegovina, shall acquire the right to reside in BiH for the same period for which the parents have the residence permit in BiH.

(2) An application for the permit for the child under paragraph (1) herein shall be submitted within maximum of 30 days from the day of child's birth.

Article 62

(Refusal and rejection of applications for a residence permit)

(1) An application for approval of an extension or a temporary residence and the application for permanent residence alien shall be refused if:

a) does not meet the general and special conditions for residence stipulated Article 53 (Terms and conditions for the granting of temporary residence) and 59 (Requirements for permanent residence) of this Act;

b) If the application for residence permit is not submitted in accordance with Article 60 (The Application for the first temporary residence permit, request for extension of the residence permit and competency) herein;

c) If he/she has illegally entered the territory of BiH, unless there exist reasons for the issuance of a residence permit on humanitarian grounds in the sense of Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) of this law;

d) If he/she has intentionally provided incorrect information or intentionally misrepresented circumstances of relevance for the issuance of the permit, or

e) If a measure of expulsion from BiH has been imposed against him/her, for as long as the measure is in force, or

f) refuses to provide biometric data when submitting the application;

g) If he/she has been registered with the competent body as a criminal offender and particularly as an international offender, or

h) If he/she is convicted of a criminal act upon the final judgment, while rehabilitation by erasing the conviction has not started;

i) If there are other compelling reasons arising from international treaties to which BiH is a contracting party;

j) If his/her presence, constitutes a threat to public order, legal order and security of BiH, or represents a threat to BiH public health, excluding circumstances where a disease has occurred after the approved stay in BiH

k) If the Service determines that a marriage was concluded, common law marriage was established, or adoption was conducted exclusively for the purpose of the entry and/or stay of an alien in the territory of BiH.

l) if misdemeanor penalty in BiH is imposed to him and which is not made;

m) is recorded in criminal or misdemeanor records of law enforcement authorities as a multiple recidivist, regardless of whether it is admonition, suspended sentence or a fine

n) If the Service has information of relevant authorities and security services in BiH that the stranger is in any way involved in criminal activity, especially organized, cross-border or transnational crime, or is a member of organization which plans or in any way participate in this activity.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this Article a foreigner may be granted residence if it is in the interest of BiH. "

(3) A request for the approval of temporary or permanent residence of an alien who fulfils the conditions for residence stipulated by this Law, shall be rejected for the following reasons besides the ones stipulated in the Law on Administrative Procedure:

a) If he/she does not submit a request for stay or extension of temporary residence within the prescribed time period, and has no justification for his/her tardiness, or

b) If an alien does not submit the application for residence in person or through a legal representative or a person appointed to represent an alien who is not legally competent.

(4) A decision on the refusal of a residence application, or a conclusion by which the application was rejected, determines the obligatory time limit an alien has, which can not be longer than 15 days, from the date of receipt of final decision.

(5) Courts shall deliver to the the Service final verdict against the foreigner.

(6) Penal institution are bound to provide data to the territorially competent organization unit of Service on foreigners who are admitted to prison within three days of receipt of a foreigner, as well as notification of the release date of the foreigner the freedom and immediately upon becoming aware of that date.

Article 63

(Appeal against the decision rejecting the application for residence permit)

(1) An appeal against the decision rejecting an application for a residence permit may be filed with the Ministry within 15 (fifteen) days from the date of notification of the decision.

(2) An applicant for a residence permit cannot be expelled or forcibly removed from the territory of BiH pending the expiration of the deadline for the appeal and/or pending the decision to be taken through the appellate procedure.

(3) Pending a final and executive decision, an alien can be subjected to supervision or may have their movement limited and can be ordered to report at specific intervals of time to the organizational unit of the Service in the territory of which he/she resides,

(4) The alien shall be temporarily deprived of his/her travel documents and provided with an attestation, pending the conclusion of the procedure, unless he/she has

voluntarily agreed to leave the country before the completion of the procedure referred to in paragraph (2) of this Article.

Article 64.

(Residence permit sticker)

(1) The decision granting the residence permit shall be executed by entering the permit sticker into the valid passport of an alien.

(2) The residence permit sticker affixed into a valid travel document of an alien shall serve for the purpose of crossing the BiH state border until its expiry date.

(3) By acquiring the technical requirements, which will be determined by a special act of the Ministry, residence permit sticker pronoun residence permit as a separate document with biometric data of foreigner which personalizes and issues the Service . Personalization is the process of printing personal data bearer of document to a form of residency permit.

(4) The Ministry shall, after obtaining the opinion of service, by special bylaw further determine layout, content and procedure of issuing residence permits.

Article 65

(Amendments to the decision granting the residence permit)

(1) If a passport of an alien contained a valid residence sticker, and has been replaced by new one, amendments of a binding decision shall be made in the part referring to the number of the passport.

(2) In case described under paragraph (1) of this Article, the Service shall issue a new residence permit sticker that shall be affixed in the alien's passport.

Article 65a

(Termination of stay)

(1) To an alien stay shall cease :

- a) at his own request;
- b) acquiring citizenship of Bosnia and Herzegovina;
- c) his death;
- d) imposing measures from Section 90 (Special cases of expulsion) of this Act,

or

e) if it is granted on the grounds of family reunification with a foreigner whose stay is terminated or canceled in accordance with this Law.

(2) Competent bodies where records are kept of the facts referred to in paragraph (1) point b) and c) of this Article shall inform about these facts Service immediately, not later than seven days from the date of arising these facts.

(3) Service makes the decision on the termination of residence under paragraph (1) item a) of this Article, against which an appeal may be submitted to the Ministry within 15 days from the date of submission.

Article 66

(Identification Card for aliens)

(1) An alien who has been granted permanent residence shall be issued with an ID card for aliens by the competent administrative body in the place of his/her permanent residence.

(2) An alien is obliged to submit the application for the ID card for aliens to the competent authority within eight days following the receipt of the decision on the designating the citizen identification number.

(3) ID cards for aliens shall be issued for a validity period of five years, unless stipulated otherwise by a separate regulation.

(4) An alien may not transfer his/her alien ID card to another person and he/she may not use other person's ID card as his/her own, or else the authorized person shall, immediately upon receiving the information, report the criminal offence pursuant to the Criminal Procedure Code.

(5) An alien whose stay was cancelled in accordance with this Law or who acquired BiH citizenship is obliged to return the identification card for aliens, to the authority mentioned in paragraph (1) of this Article, immediately, or at the latest after 3 (three days) as of the day the new circumstances have occurred. The authority referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article is obliged to notify the competent organizational unit of the Service immediately upon receipt of the returned alien ID card and during the same day the latest.

(6) An alien is obliged to report the loss, destruction or other disappearance of an identification card for alien, immediately after the discovery, to the local competent organizational unit of the Service or the police in his/her place of residence, and in case that took place outside BiH, an alien should report to the nearest DCR BiH.

(7) The body that receives the report referred to in paragraph (6) of this Article shall issue a certificate on the report of loss, destruction or other disappearance of identification card for aliens. In case the report was filed with the police or DCR BiH, the police or DCR BiH shall be obliged to notify, without delay and within the same day the latest, the organizational unit of the Service in the place of residence of an alien.

(8) The identification card for an alien that was lost destroyed or disappeared in other way, shall be announced invalid in the BiH Official Gazette at the cost of an alien.

Article 67

(Obligation to carry an identification card for alien or passport with residence permit)

An alien is obliged to carry with him/her and, at the request of an official person of the Ministry, Service, police or other competent authority in case that another body is legally authorized, to present his/her alien identification card or the passport with a residence permit.

Part E. Cancellation of residence

Article 68

(Reasons for cancellation of residence)

The right of residence shall be cancelled if:

- a) An alien does not comply with the legal order of BiH (Article 9. Obligation to comply with the public order of BiH) or undertakes activities of undermining security of BiH or is a member of the organization which has undertaken such activities;
- b) An alien has endangered BiH national interests by his/her actions in a way that he/she has been engaged in the smuggling of weapons and military equipment, radioactive and other dangerous materials or narcotics substances or in the unauthorized transport and trade of materials for the production of weapons or other means of mass destruction or who has produced or possessed narcotic substances intended for sale, or has been a member of an organization involved in the above mentioned activities,
- c) An alien has organized or has been connected to organizing illegal entry to, stay in or exit from BiH of individuals or groups or has participated in the trafficking in human beings in any way,
- d) The Service determines that a marriage or common law marriage was entered into or adoption carried out, exclusively for the purpose of entry and/or stay of an alien in the territory of BiH, or if the Service determines that an alien who issued a letter of invitation has not fulfill the commitments from the letter of invitation and has reissued the letter of invitation, or issues the letters of invitation for fraudulent purposes or abuses them differently,
- e) An alien has intentionally provided incorrect data or has intentionally concealed circumstances relevant to the issuance of a residence permit,
- f) An alien refuses to comply with the final decisions of competent state bodies,
- g) An alien resides in BiH contrary to the grounds for issuing the residence permit,

- h) An alien entered and/or resided, with forged travel documents,
 - i) An alien has performed activities in BiH for which a work permit is required, without possessing such a permit, or works on a work post or type of jobs different from those for which he/she possesses the work permit,
 - j) An alien has violated or attempted to violate regulations governing the crossing of the BiH state border, regardless of whether the violation occurred at entry to or exit from BiH,
 - k) The circumstances on the basis of which the residence permit was issued have changed to such an extent that they would exclude any possibility to issue a permit,
 - l) An alien is convicted by a binding decision for committing a criminal act for which the sentence of imprisonment of one year or more severe sentence,
 - m) The presence of an alien constitutes a threat to the legal order and security of BiH,
 - n) An alien has lost his/her means of sustenance,
 - o) An alien is out of BiH continuously for the period of at least šest months, and it can be unambiguously established on the basis of circumstances that he/she has no intention to return and reassume his/her temporary residence in BiH.
- (2) The existence of an international warrant of arrest, a final and binding court decision as well as information available to the Service through competent bodies shall be taken as the basis for determining the reasons for cancellation of residence as prescribed in paragraph (1).
- (3) If a foreigner a permanent resident shall be canceled for reasons specified in paragraph
- (1) point m) of this Article, with the cancellation of the stay it may be imposed also expulsion order with prohibition of entering in BiH
- (4) If, because of activities referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, an alien has been deprived of his/her freedom or has been sentenced to prison without the possibility of parole, but has not been expelled, the cancellation of his/her residence shall start to run once the reasons for his/her detention have ceased to exist or after the sentence has been served, pardoned or the statute of limitations took effect.
- (5) If, because of reasons stipulated in items a), b), c), d), e), g), h) l), or m) of paragraph (1) an alien's non-visa or temporary residence is cancelled, an alien can also be expelled from the territory of BiH with prohibition of entering in BiH .
- (6) Besides the reasons specified in paragraph (1) of this Article, an alien may a visa-free stay may be canceled if Sevice has information of relevant authorities and security services in Bosnia that he is in any way involved in criminal activity, especially organized, cross- border or transnational crime, or is a member organization planning or in any way participate in this activity. With the cancellation of residence it may also issue an expulsion order.

(7) In determining the deadline by which an alien whose stay is cancelled but who has not been pronounced the measure of expulsion must depart the territory of BiH, the body which issued the decision must take into consideration the time an alien needs to leave, though this period can not be longer than 15 days.

Article 69

(Special reasons for cancellation of permanent residence)

An alien who holds a permanent residence permit in BiH shall have his/her further residence cancelled:

- a) If it has been determined that the alien has not resided in BiH for more than one year,
- b) If the alien has resided outside of BiH for less than one year, while based on circumstances it can be explicitly determined that he/she has no intention to return and take up permanent residence in BiH.

Article 70

(Procedures for cancellation of residence)

- (1) Decision on cancellation of residence is taken by the Service ex officio or upon the elaborated proposal of another organizational unit or administrative unit within the Ministry, security agency, police or other authority.
- (2) The proponent referred to under paragraph (1) of this Article must submit all the data and documents relevant for the decision on cancellation of residence along with the proposal.
- (3) Appeal against the decision under paragraph (1) of this Article may be filed before the Ministry within 15 days from the day of serving the decision.
- (4) Appeal shall stay the execution of the decision.

Article 71

(Execution of the decision on cancellation of residence)

- (1) Upon the finality of the decision on cancellation of residence, the competent organizational unit of the Service shall annul the residence permit sticker in the alien's passport, by affixing the stamp "ANNULLED" or other adequate sign on the sticker. The deadline (date) by which the alien is obliged to leave BiH shall be inserted into his/her passport.
- (2) Upon the finality of the decision on cancellation of non-visa stay, the cancellation of residence shall be inserted into alien's passport, as well as the deadline (date) by

which the alien is obliged to leave BiH. In case that the alien does not have a passport, an official note shall be made.

(3) If the alien fails to execute the decision on cancellation of residence voluntarily by leaving the territory of BiH, within the deadlines prescribed by paragraphs (1) and (2) under this Article, the Service shall execute the decision, and when necessary in cooperation with other organizational units of the Ministry or with the police. Other organizational units of the Ministry and the police authorities shall be bound to assist the Service upon its request.

Part F. Registration of residence of an alien

Article 72

(Obligation to register temporary and permanent residence of an alien)

(1) Alien whose temporary stay has been approved is obliged to register and de-register his/her place of residence, as well as the change of the address, while an alien whose permanent stay has been approved shall register his/her permanent residence.

(2) Registration and de-registration under paragraph (1) herein shall be filed with the competent organizational units of the Service or the police.

(3) When the registration and de-registration under paragraph (1) herein or under Article 75

(Other persons obligated to register a temporary residence of an alien) paragraph (1) of this Law, is filed with the police, the police is obliged to forward a copy of this registration or de-registration to the competent organizational unit of the Service within 24 hours as of the registration.

Article 73

(Temporary and permanent residence)

(1) Temporary residence refers to the place where an alien holding temporary residence permit resides temporarily.

(2) Permanent residence refers to the place where an alien who has been granted permanent residence in the territory of BiH has taken up residence with an intention to live there permanently.

Article 74

(Deadlines for registration and de-registration of temporary and permanent residence of an alien)

(1) An alien who has been granted permanent stay is obliged to register his/her permanent residence and any change of his/her home address in the place of permanent residence not later than eight days from the date of receiving the decision on granting permanent stay, i.e. from the date of changing his/her home address.

(2) An alien who has been granted temporary stay is obliged to register his/her temporary residence and any change of his/her home address not later than 48 hours from the date of receiving the decision on granting temporary stay, and/or from the date of arriving to the place of temporary residence, i.e. from the date of changing his/her home address, except in the cases where this Law specifies longer deadlines for certain categories of aliens.

(3) An alien referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, who voluntarily leaves BiH, without an intention of returning, is obliged to de-register his/her temporary residence or permanent residence.

Article 75

(Other persons obligated to register a temporary residence of an alien)

(1) Natural and legal persons that provide accommodation services to aliens are obliged to report any stay of an alien to the competent organizational unit of the Service or police, within 12 hours at the latest after providing accommodation.

(2) Natural and legal persons referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article are obliged to keep records on aliens (hereinafter referred to as: the Book of Aliens) to whom they have rendered accommodation services. They are obliged to keep these Books of Aliens for at least three years after closing them and submit for inspection the books of aliens and all necessary information on aliens and their movement and stay to the Service's or police official. The book of aliens shall be certified by the competent organizational unit of the Service or the police in the place of permanent residence i.e. business seat of the provider of accommodation services to aliens.

(3) An alien who does not use the accommodation services of natural and legal persons referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, or a natural person visited by an alien, is obliged to register his/her accommodation with the competent organizational unit of the Service or the police, if an alien intends to stay in BiH longer than three days.

Article 76

(By laws on technical issues pertaining to the stay, temporary and permanent residence permits for aliens)

The Ministry shall, upon receiving the opinion of the Service, by way of by-laws, regulate in further detail the forms and procedures related to the residence registrations and de-registrations, residence permits, way of checking the data and attachments to the application for residence permits, the form and content of receipts of submitted applications for residence permits, procedures for the cancellation of residence, the form and content of residence permit stickers in BiH, the form, content and procedure for the

issuance of alien identification cards, the form, content and certification of the Book of Aliens, as well as other matters relevant to the stay and movement of aliens.

Part G. Entry and stay of aliens in BiH for the purpose of work

Article 77

(Issuance of the work permit)

(1) Work permit may be issued to an alien upon the request of legal or natural person offering employment (hereinafter: Employer). Depending on the place of residence or the seat of Employer, the work permit shall be issued by authority competent for matters of alien employment of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republika Srpska or Brčko District of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(2) Work permit shall be issued by the competent authority on the basis of established work permit quota in accordance with Article 78 (Work permit quota) or as permit outside the quota in accordance with Article 79 (Work permits outside the quota) of this Law, as well as in accordance with regulations pertaining to the issuance of work permits.

(3) Work permit shall be issued for a specific post and/or for a specific type of job.

(4) Work permit may not be issued to a period longer than one year.

Article 78

(Work permit quota)

(1) Work permit quota is a number of work permits available in BiH during the course of one year for aliens of specific professions who need a work permit in BiH and is included in the quota. Annual quota of work permits shall be set by the Council of Ministers, in accordance with the migration policy and taking into account the state of affairs at the labor market.

(2) The Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH shall submit proposal of the annual quota of work permits to the Council of Ministers. The Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH shall draft a proposal on the basis of the needs presented by authorities competent for the employment of aliens of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Republika Srpska or Brčko District of Bosnia and Herzegovina in terms of the number of necessary work permits for aliens, according to the degree and type of education or qualifications and expertise. Those authorities shall file their needs assessment for the work permits with the Ministry of Civil Affairs through Agency for employment and recruitments of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(3) Within the annual quota of work permits, the Council of Ministers shall determine operations and occupations allowing for employment of aliens, as well as the number of

work permits for each occupation and establish the territorial division of work permits according to the needs presented as described under Paragraph 2 herein.

(4) The Council of Ministers shall decide on the annual quota of work permits for next year no later than 31 October of the current year.

(5) Work permits under annual quota shall be issued for extension of existing work permits firstly and than for new recruitment.

(6) Priority in the process of work permits issuance shall be given to aliens holding a temporary residence permit in BiH on the grounds of family reunification with an alien with temporary residence permit in BiH.

Article 79

(Work permits outside the quota)

Work permit may be issued independently from the established annual quota as outlined below:

- i. Alien with education equivalent to high/university education, completed post graduate studies/master's degree or PhD in Bosnia and Herzegovina;
- ii. Alien working in BiH on the basis of an international agreement;
- iii. Alien performing key functions in a business entity, who is not exempt from requirement to hold work permit on the basis of an international agreement;
- iv. Teachers or educators teaching or assisting in teaching in the educational institutions due to their specific knowledge;
- v. Professional athletes or sport workers working in BiH on the basis of the valid contract;
- vi. Alien in marriage or in common-law marriage with an alien holding a permanent residence permit in BiH or a child of an alien holding a permanent residence permit in BiH.

Article 80

(Data necessary for issuance of work permit)

Employer is obliged to enclose the following data with the request for issuance of work permit:

- a) Information about an alien who is a party to the service contract or another relevant agreement, and in particular the following information: name and surname including all the previous names and surnames, names and surnames of parents, date of birth, sex, place of residence and the address in the country of origin, number, date and place of issuance of valid travel documents;

- b) Information about the job or type of job and working conditions;
- c) Certificate from the relevant registry of the competent court on registration of Employer in BiH;
- d) Certificate of solvency from the bank in which Employer has an account;
- e) Tax receipt and the certificate of payment of contributions for all the current employees, including an alien in cases of extension of the work permit; and
- f) Arguments justifying employment of an alien.

Article 81

(Concluding Employment Contract or other relevant contract)

- (1) Employer may not conclude an Employment Contract or other relevant contract with an alien prior to issuance of the temporary residence permit.
- (2) Employer is obliged to provide a copy of an Employment Contract or other relevant contract to the Service immediately or not later than three days from conclusion of the contract.

Article 82

(Link between temporary residence and work permit)

- (1) Alien may not start working in BiH on the basis of work permit prior to obtaining a temporary residence permit.
- (2) Alien may work in Bosnia and Herzegovina only on the basis of the work permit which was the basis for issuance of temporary residence permit. On the basis of work permit, an alien may work in BiH only on the job or may perform only the type of tasks subject of the work permit that served as grounds for issuance of permit for temporary stay in BiH.
- (3) In case temporary residence permit was issued on the basis of a work permit, the temporary residence permit ceases to be valid within 15 days from the expiry of the work permit. Work permit that was the basis for issuance of temporary residence in BiH permit is no longer valid in case of non-approval, termination or cancellation of temporary residence.

Article 83.

(Termination of work permit)

- (1) Work permit of an alien shall be terminated:

- a) By expiry of the period it was issued for, and at any event after one year from the date of issuance;
 - b) For the reasons prescribed by regulations regulating employment of aliens; or
 - c) By non-approval, termination or cancellation of a temporary residence in BiH.
- (2) Authority competent for matters pertaining to employment of aliens is obliged to inform the Service of any case falling under paragraph (1), item b), immediately and the latest during the business hours the same day the Authority discovered the fact under paragraph (1) herein.
- (3) Service is obliged to inform the Authority competent for matters pertaining to employment of aliens of any case falling under paragraph (1), item c), immediately and the latest during the business hours the same day the in which final decision was received, or the fact under paragraph (1) herein was discovered.

Article 84

(Exception from the requirement to hold a work permit)

- (1) With application of all the provisions of this Law pertaining to the visa, visa free and temporary residence, following persons do not have to obtain a work permit in BiH:
- a. Key persons in the legal entity that has a higher position in the board or manages with departments, monitor and supervise the work of other employees, who are entitled to employ and dismiss workers or they are experts who have excellent knowledge and is essential to the operation of the legal entity, research equipment, techniques or management if they were employed in that legal entity at least one year or has acted as a partner shortly before movement in Bosnia and Herzegovina, if the appointment does not have characteristics of employment and does not exceed a total of three months a year.
 - b. Founders of a company or enterprise with a seat in BiH, performing certain tasks in that company or enterprise, if such tasks do not have characteristics of employment and does not exceed a total of three months a year
 - c. University professors invited as lecturers by universities in BiH, scientists attending scientific and specialist courses, scientists representing international organizations and scientists participating in implementation of scientific research projects important for BiH;
 - d. Experts, teachers and lecturers from foreign cultural and educational institutions, performing their expert work in BiH within cultural and educational cooperation programs;
 - e. Civil and military officials of other countries' governments working in BiH on the basis of agreements on cooperation with BiH authorities
 - f. Members of international scientific missions, conducting research in BiH approved by the Council of Ministers

- g. Representatives of religious communities registered in BiH while performing duties only with regard to religious service
- h. International correspondents accredited in BiH or reporters for international media
- i. Artists and technical staff, authors and performers in opera, ballet, drama or other theatrical performances, or concert, visual arts or other cultural performances or authors and performers in the field of music, music and stage, dance and ballet arts, film artists as well as accompanying reporting, organization and technical staff taking part in the cultural workshops, gatherings and colonies, if they do not stay in BiH more than 30 consecutive days or more than three months a year with interruptions
- j. Foreigners performing, on the basis of agreements with the Council of Ministers, Ministry of Defence BiH, Ministry of Justice BiH, duties relevant for defence, legal system or state security or attending specializing courses in the mentioned fields
- k. Foreigners visiting BiH in order to participate in sports and chess events
- l. Experts in the field of protection of cultural heritage, library science and archivist science
- m. Foreigners sent by international employer, providing education and training for persons employed at natural and legal persons with a seat in BiH.
- n. Foreigners engaged for the purposes of acquiring expert education and training, in case that the mentioned training does not exceed 3 months a year
- o. Foreigners performing delivery works, as well as installation and servicing of machinery and equipment, if their work in BiH does not exceed 30 consecutive days or more than three months a year with interruptions
- p. Foreigners taking part at organized professional conferences and seminars
- q. Foreigners participating on fairs or exhibits where their employer is presented
- r. Foreigners employed in circuses or amusement parks if their stay in BiH does not exceed 3 months
- s. Foreigners who are engaged in projects significant for B&H as experts or key persons who are important for the realization of the project;
- t. foreigners staying for volunteer work in humanitarian organizations, citizens' associations or foundations;
- u. Doctors who are engaged by call of medical institutions in B&H to perform specialist examinations and other medical services if such work does not last longer than three months a year.

(2) Categories of aliens referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article may work in BiH based on the registration certificate of labor during the validity of the visa, visa free or previously approved stay. Certificate of registration of labor, at the request of foreigner shall be issued by organization unit of Service according to the place of work. The certificate of registration of labor shall be issued on a form prescribed by subordinate legislation. An employer may hire a foreigner on those tasks for which certificate of

registration of labor is issued and has the duty in purpose of control during the labor duration to have a copy of such certificate. Way of proving employment status of categories of aliens referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, for the purpose of issuing certificates of registration, shall be prescribed by the by-law under Article 76 this law (By-laws on technical issues residence permits, temporary and permanent residence of aliens).

(3) Foreigners who seek temporary residence on the basis of work without a work permit, in accordance with paragraph (1) of this Article shall meet the requirements of Article 53 of this law (General Conditions for temporary stay) and specific conditions, which the Ministry prescribed bylaw.

(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3) of this Article, an alien who seeks temporary residence on the basis of work without a work permit, in accordance with paragraph (1) item b) of this Article shall comply with the requirements of Article 53 of this law (General Conditions for temporary stay), and if a company or enterprise fulfill additional conditions:

- a) That for every foreigner including the founders employs a minimum of five nationals of Bosnia and Herzegovina;
- b) Pays the gross wages by each employee at least equal to the average gross salary in Bosnia and
- c) That the tax obligations are proper paid.

Article 85.

(The right of foreigner to work in BiH without a work permit)

Right to work in BiH without obligation to obtain a work permit is allowed to foreigners who have:

- a) a permanent residence permit in BiH
- b) refugee status granted , subsidiary protection in BiH or temporary protection in BiH
- c) granted temporary residence permit on the basis of marriage or common law marriage with a national of Bosnia and Herzegovina
- d) granted temporary residence permit on the basis of full-time pupil or student when they perform temporary jobs through authorized intermediaries without employment in accordance with the regulations governing such temporary work.

Article 86

(Courts competent for registration of business enterprises)

Courts competent for registration of business enterprises are obliged to notify the Service of any registration of business enterprise or any change of data, within 7 days from the

registration of business enterprise or the change of data, for the following alien categories:

- a) Owners of shares in the registered legal entity,
- b) Steering board members or procurators in the registered legal entity, and
- c) Supervising board members in the registered legal entity.

CHAPTER V. REMOVAL OF AN ALIEN FROM THE COUNTRY

Part A. Expulsion

Article 87

(Expulsion measures)

(1) Expulsion is the measure ordering an alien to leave BiH and prohibiting him/her to enter and stay in BiH for a certain further period, which cannot be shorter than one year or longer than five years.

(2) The period of prohibition to enter as referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article may be, upon a request made by the alien, shortened or prohibition to enter may be annulled in cases when the following conditions have been met:

- a) The decision on expulsion was imposed against the alien for the first time; and
- b) The alien has voluntarily left BiH and bore all costs related to the procedure of return to their country of habitual residence.

(3) Notwithstanding the stipulations under paragraph (1) of this Article, the period of prohibition to enter may be extended, if an alien:

- a) Was previously expelled from BiH;
- b) He/she entered BiH during a period of prohibition to enter; or
- c) He/she, at the moment of cessation of the prohibition still constitutes a threat to the legal order or security or international relations.

(4) The period of prohibition to enter shall commence from the day of leaving the territory of BiH.

(5) The decision on expulsion of aliens from the territory of BiH, along with the prohibition to enter and stay in BiH in a certain period, shall be issued by the Service ex officio, at the proposal of the court or based on substantiated proposal of other organizational unit of the Ministry, law enforcement authority or other authority.

(6) An appeal may be filed against the decision on expulsion of an alien from BiH and the decision on the extension of the ban on entry issued by the Service with the Ministry

within eight days from the receipt of the decision. If the decision on expulsion was rendered on the basis of Article 88, (Reasons for imposing the expulsion measures) under paragraph (1), item i) herein, the deadline for appeal shall be 24 hours as of the receipt of the decision.

(7) An appeal shall stay the execution of the decision.

(8) Ministry shall render a decision on the appeal and shall serve the party without delay and within 15 days the latest from the day of reception of the appeal.

(9) Until the decision becomes enforceable, the alien may be placed under supervision placing them in the immigration center or his movement may be restricted to a certain area or location and he may be ordered to report in specified intervals to the organizational unit of the Service or police in the territory of residence of an alien.

(10) Until termination of the proceedings, all travel documents that may be used to cross the state border of BiH shall be seized from an alien who will receive the receipt on seizure, unless he voluntarily agrees to leave the territory of BiH prior to the termination of the proceedings under paragraphs (6) or (8) of this Article.

(11) Collective expulsion of aliens is prohibited. The expulsion measure may be pronounced only to an individual.

(12) If in the process of establishing the identity determines that the actual identity of the foreigner is different from statements about the identity which foreigner gave in the procedure of imposing an expulsion measure, the Service in its official duties shall change the decision on expulsion in the part relating to the identity of foreigner. Against this decision an appeal may be submitted to the Ministry within eight days of receipt of the decision. Appeal does not postpone the execution.

(13) Service shall issue the decision on shortening or elimination of ban on the entry of paragraph (2) of this Article on the foreigner's request. Appeal against this decision may be submitted to the Ministry within 15 days of receiving the decision.

Article 88

(Reasons for imposing the expulsion measures)

(1) The measure of expulsion from BiH may be imposed against an alien for one of the following reasons:

a) If he/she has entered or attempted to enter BiH illegally, or stayed in BiH after the visa expiry or expiry of non-visa stay, or he/she attempted to violate or violated the regulations pertaining to the state border crossing on exiting BiH; or if the application for a residence permit was ejected, and did not leave BiH in a given period;

b) If his/her visa has been annulled by a final decision and an alien has not left the territory of BiH within the 15 days or the deadline for voluntary execution as prescribed by this Law;

c) If his/her stay has been cancelled and he/ she failed to leave BiH voluntarily as prescribed by this Law;

d) If he/she has remained in BiH after the termination of his/her refugee status, subsidiary protection or temporary protection, or after the requirements are met as referred to under Article 117 (Expulsion in case of rejection of request for international protection) of this Law, and he/she has not acquired the right to stay in accordance with this Law;

e) The decision on withdrawal or release from BiH citizenship has become legally binding, or on cancellation of registration in the book of citizenship of Bosnia and Herzegovina has entered into force but he/she has not realized the right of residence in accordance with this Law;

f) If there is a final and binding decision based upon which he/she has been found guilty for the crime of trading narcotics, weapons, trafficking or smuggling of human beings, terrorism, money laundering, or any other form of organized, cross-border and trans-national crime;

g) If he/she was legally convicted for committing a criminal offence for which prison sentence of one year or longer prison sentence may be pronounced;

h) If his/her presence constitutes a threat to public order, legal order or security of BiH; or

i) If he/she has been accepted based on an international agreement on co-operation for handing over and admitting persons whose stay is illegal, and he/she has not been granted a valid residence permit in BiH.

(2) While assessing whether an alien shall be the subject to an expulsion measure from the territory of BiH, as well as while taking the decision on the duration of that measure, the Service is obliged to especially carefully review all evidence and establish all circumstances and facts relevant for issuing the decision, and the degree of integration in Bosnia and Herzegovina, in accordance with the principles of the Law on Administrative Procedure.

(3) In the cases of remaining the foreigner in BiH longer than the period of validity of the approved visa, visa free or granted residence, the Service may, appreciating humanitarian reasons and the interest of BiH, instead imposing an expulsion measure, issue a warrant for the voluntary abandonment of territory.

(4) An order under paragraph (3) of this Article shall be issued for the purpose of crossing the state border, with the prior statement of foreigner by which certifying intent of voluntary leaving of Bosnia and Herzegovina and with evidence that the foreigner certifying the statement.

(5) In the order referred to in paragraph (3) of this Article it is stated the deadline for voluntary abandonment of BiH can not be less than seven nor more than 30 days. Exceptionally, if there are serious humanitarian reasons, the deadline for the voluntary abandonment of Bosnia and Herzegovina can not be longer than 30 days.

(6) The order for the voluntary abandonment of paragraph (3) of this Article shall not be issued to an alien if there is a flight risk or poses a threat to public order, public peace and order or security of BiH.

(7) To foreigner who in the period specified in the order for the voluntary abandonment of the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina does not leave BiH the expulsion order shall be pronounced

Article 89

(Voluntary execution of the decision on expulsion)

(1) The decision on expulsion may specify the deadline for voluntary execution of the decision, which may not be less than seven nor longer than 30 days. Exceptionally, if there are particularly good reasons, the deadline for voluntary execution of the decision may be extended, according to the particular circumstances of each individual case. The deadline for voluntary execution of the decision may not be determined or can be shorter than seven days if there is a flight risk or a foreigner poses a danger to public order, public peace and order or security of BiH.

(2) When leaving the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, an alien subject to expulsion measure is obliged to register with official person authorized for state border crossing control.

(3) The Border Police shall be obliged to enter into an alien's passport the fact that he/she has left BiH and at the same time notify the Service and Ministry about that fact. If an alien does not have a passport, an official note shall be made about that fact, and a certificate on leaving BiH shall be issued to the alien.

(4) The Border Police shall be obliged to notify the Service and the Ministry about every alien subject to expulsion measure who left BiH, immediately and during the same day the latest.

(5) In case the alien fails to leave BiH voluntarily within the deadline set for execution of the decision, the final decision on expulsion shall be executed by the Service through measures of forceful removal of an alien from the territory of BiH, if necessary in cooperation with other organizational units of the Ministry or police. Other organizational units of the Ministry and the police shall assist the Service upon its request.

Article 90

(Special cases of expulsion)

(1) Exceptionally, based upon a substantiated proposal from the Ministry, Service, other organizational unit of the Ministry or the police, the Council of Ministers may, while resolving individual cases, take the decision on expulsion of an alien from BiH, with a permanent prohibition of entry to BiH, if they have assessed that his/her expulsion is necessary in the interest of public order or is based on reasons of national security in the sense of the provision of Article 1 paragraph 2 of the Protocol 7 to the European Convention on the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, as amended by Protocol 11.

(2) The decision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article cannot be executed contrary to the requirements referred to in Article 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) of this Law.

Part B. Protection of aliens: "non-refoulement"

Article 91

(Principle of non-refoulement)

(1) Aliens shall not be returned or expelled in any manner whatsoever to the borders of territories where their life or freedom would be threatened on account of their race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion, regardless of whether or not they have formally been granted international protection.

(2) The provision of paragraph (1) of this Article shall not apply to an foreigner who is reasonably considered dangerous to the security of the country, or who, having been convicted of particularly serious crime is a threat to BiH.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of this Article, the prohibition of expulsion or return ("non-refoulement") refers to the persons for whom there is reasonable doubt that they will be in danger of being subjected to the death penalty or execution, torture or other inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. A foreigner may not be expelled or sent to a country where it is not protected from being sent to such territory.

Article 92

(Proceedings in case of invoking protection)

(1) When an alien has expressed the reasons referred to in Article 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) of this Law, the authority to which such a statement was given shall refer the alien in accordance with Article 107 (Intention and request for international protection) paragraph (2) of this Law to the Service for the purpose of rendering the intention to submit the request to initiate the procedure for verifying the justification of his/her statement and determining the existence of requirements for approving international protection in accordance with Article 105 through 138 (Chapter VII – International and temporary protection) of this Law.

(2) In case described under paragraph (1) herein, the decision on expulsion may be executed only after requirements of Article 117 (Expulsion in case of rejection of the request for international protection) of this Law have been met.

Part C. Forcible removal of an alien from the country

Article 93

(Conclusion on authorization of enforcement of the decision on expulsion)

- (1) An alien may be forcibly removed from BiH.
- (2) Forcible removal of an alien from BiH shall be carried out ex officio by the organizational unit of the Service which made the decision on the expulsion of the alien or in whose area of responsibility an alien resides or by the organizational unit of the Service in the area of responsibility of which the alien whose stay is illegal has been found, arrested and detained, and based upon a conclusion on authorization of the enforcement.
- (3) After the decision on expulsion becomes final, the Service shall make a conclusion on authorization of the enforcement without any delay, and at the latest within seven days from the date when the requirements for the forcible removal of an alien from BiH were met.
- (4) The conclusion on authorization establishes that the decision on expulsion became enforceable and shall specify the manner, time and place for enforcement of the decision.
- (5) An appeal against the conclusion may be filed with the Ministry within 8 days from the date of its delivery.
- (6) The appeal does not stay the execution pending.
- (7) Upon the request of the Service, assistance in implementing conclusions on authorization of enforcement shall be provided by the police and other law enforcement authorities in BiH. The police and other law enforcement authorities in BiH are obligated to provide assistance to the Service.

Article 94

(Non-enforcement of forcible removal)

- (1) Where court proceedings have been initiated against an alien, a decision on expulsion cannot be enforced earlier than when the case is resolved with a legally binding decision.
- (2) The decision on expulsion cannot be enforced prior to alien's fully serving imposed prison sentence, except in probation cases or if his sentence has been pardoned or the statute of limitations took effect, or alien's release on parole.
- (3) Even if there are reasons for the forcible removal of an alien prescribed in this Law, the alien shall not be forcibly removed from the country if by not doing so it is in the interest of conducting court proceedings, especially where the alien shall appear as a victim of the trafficking in human beings or of any other form of organized, cross-border or trans-national crime and where the alien co-operate with authorities in revealing crimes or their offenders. In such case the alien shall be granted residence as prescribed in Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) paragraph (2) of this Law.
- (4) The forcible removal of an alien from the country shall not be conducted if an alien has decided to leave the territory of BiH by him/her or with the assistance of an international government or non-governmental organization and has provided an adequate guarantee.

(5) If there are justified reasons, the Service may approve postponement of the procedure of enforcing the measure of expulsion by reason of:

- a) The impossibility to transport the person due to their particularly severe physical or mental state;
- b) Technical reasons, such as the lack of appropriate means of transportation or due to other difficulties which prevent the removal of an alien in a humane manner; or
- c) The lack of guaranties that an unaccompanied minor will be received by a family member, authorized person or legal guardian in the country to which he/she is returning.

(6) The Service shall issue to aliens referred to in paragraph (5) of this Article a certificate, and the Ministry shall prescribe, at the proposal of the Service, the form and content of such a certificate by the way of by-law.

(7) The postponement of enforcement of the measure of expulsion shall cease to be valid as soon as the reasons for which the postponement was issued cease to exist.

Article 95

(Repatriation country)

(1) If the enforcement of the decision is not subject to the restrictions referred to in Article 91 (Principle of non-refoulment) of this Law, an alien who has been expelled shall be sent to his/her country of origin, or to country of habitual residence, or to the country wherefrom he/she arrived in BiH or to a country which will accept him/her.

(2) The alien shall be informed as to which country he/she will be sent.

Article 96

(Payment of expenses for repatriation and placement of an alien under supervision)

(1) An alien is obliged to pay his/her travel costs to the place where he/she is being sent.

(2) If it has been determined that the alien does not have funds necessary to pay his/her travel costs to the place to which they will be sent, the travel costs shall be covered by:

- a) The person who has issued a letter of invitation for the purpose of the entry of the alien,
- b) The natural person or legal person which has employed the alien, although he/she did not have appropriate work permit,,
- c) The natural or legal person or that has employed an alien based on his/her work permit,

- d) The bank that has provided a guarantee for the means of non-cash payment,,
- e) The travel agency or association which has issued a voucher, or other travelorganizer,
- f) Natural or legal person who has helped an alien or has attempted to help an alien to illegally cross the BiH border, to pass through or to stay in BiH,
- g) The carrier which brought the alien to BiH,
- h) BiH.

(3) In order to secure the removal of an alien from the country, the alien shall be placed under supervision pending his/her departure from BiH, in accordance with Article 99 (Imposing supervision). All costs related to the realization of supervision shall cover the alien subject to supervision. In case it is established that the alien does not have the means to cover these costs, the costs shall be covered by entities referred to in paragraph (2) herein.

(4) The liable party referred to in paragraphs (1) and (3) of this Article and the amount of the costs shall be determined in the form of a decision ex officio by the Service. An appeal against the decision of the Service may be filed with the Ministry within 8 days from th date of delivery of the decision.

(5) Funds that have been temporarily confiscated from a foreigner are used to meet the costs referred to in paragraph (1) and (3) of this Article, and shall be deposited in Service until the decision mentioned in paragraph (4) of this Article becomes final.

(6) If an alien referred to in paragraph (1) and the entities referred to in paragraph (2), items a) to g) of this Article are not able to cover the costs of removal and placing an alien under supervision, the costs shall be covered from the budget of BiH, through the use of resources intended for special purposes. This procedure can be followed when necessary i order to assure cost-efficient removal of an alien from the country.

(7) In case described under paragraph (6) of this Article, the Service shall claim payment of costs under paragraph 1 and (2) of this Article from subjects under paragraph 2, items a) to g) of this Article through relevant procedures.

Article 97

(By-laws pertaining to technical issues with regard to removal of aliens)

(1) If necessary, at the proposal of the Service, the Ministry shall by way of by-laws regulate in further detail the manner and proceedings in cases of removal of aliens from BiH.

(2) If necessary, at the proposal of the Service through the Ministry, the Council of Ministers shall, after receiving opinion of the Ministry of Finances and Treasury BiH, determine in further detail the procedures with regard to reimbursement of the costs of removal and placing aliens under supervision.

CHAPTER VI. RECEPTION OF ALIENS AND SUPERVISION

Part A. Institutions specialized for the reception of aliens

Article 98

(Structure of institutions)

(1) Immigration centers, centers for the accommodation of persons who have filed requests for international protection, centers for accommodation of victims of trafficking in human beings and other institutions specialized for the reception of aliens may be established for the purpose of implementing the present Law.

(2) Immigration centers are institutions specialized for the reception and accommodation of aliens against whom supervision measures have been imposed. Immigration centers shall be established as organizational units of the Service outside its seat.

(3) Institutions specialized for the reception of aliens shall meet the requirements arising from the Constitution of BiH and international standards for treatment of the beneficiaries of specialized institutions.

(4) At the proposal of the Ministry, the BiH Council of Ministers shall, by way of by-laws, determine the title and type of the institution specialized for the reception of aliens, the method of their administration, financial requirements, operational standards, the method of providing special conditions for beneficiaries of center for accommodation of applicants for international protection and persons with approved temporary protection, center for accommodation of human trafficking victims, as well as other institutions specialized for the reception of aliens, as well as other issues relevant for the operation of certain types of specialized institution.

(5) The standards of functioning of the immigration centers, house rules, method and program of taking special exams of the immigration centers employees, method of conducting the security duty, types of arms and equipment of the security service of the immigration centers, method of use of fire arms and other coercion means in the immigration centers, as well as insignia, badges of the immigration centers security service, colors and markings of the security service vehicles, official titles and insignia of the official titles of the authorized officials of immigration centers, as well as all other issues important for functioning of the immigration centers, shall be prescribed by way of by-laws pursuant to the Law on the Aliens Affairs Service.

(6) The supervision over the operation of the institutions specialized for the reception of aliens shall be carried out by the Ministry.

Part B. Placing an alien under supervision

Article 99

(Imposing supervision)

(1) To Foreigner until leaving BiH can determine being placed under surveillance restrictions on movement on defined area or place with the obligation to report to organizational unit of the Service or the police:

- a) In order to secure the execution of decision on expulsion, in case of cancellation of residence in BiH or in other cases where the expulsion measures were pronounced;
- b) In order to ascertain the an alien will leave the country after his/her application for residence permit has been rejected, and he/she failed to leave BiH;
- c) In order to secure the removal of an alien form the country;
- d) When the Service ordered postponement of the expulsion measure;
- e) if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the free and unrestricted movement of alien might endanger public order, public order and security or international relations of BiH or pose a threat to public health in BiH, and if it is established that poses a threat to public order, public peace and order or security of BiH;
- f) When there is a doubt about the veracity of the allegations about foreigner's identity or the identity of foreigner could not otherwise be established no later than six hours after bringing in the offices;
- g) When the alien is accepted on the basis an international agreement on Cooperation in the extradition and acceptance of persons whose stay is illegal;
- h) Other cases as prescribed by this Law.

(2) Supervision with placement at immigration center shall be imposed against an alien

- a) if there are reasonable grounds to believe that after the decision on the expulsion is made that free and unrestricted movement of alien might endanger public order, public order and security or international relations of Bosnia and Herzegovina, or pose a threat to public health in BiH, or if it is found to be poses a threat to public order, public order and security of BiH;
- b) In order to ensure enforcement of the decision on expulsion or in another case when, if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the alien will escape or otherwise prevent the execution of the decisions;
- c) When there is a doubt in veracity of the allegations about the foreigner's identity, expulsion measures is pronounced

Article 100

(Decision on placing an alien under supervision)

(1) The decision on placing an alien under supervision shall be taken by the Service and communicated to the alien without delay, at the same time as when executing the decision.

(2) The decision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall incorporate the decision on the placement of the alien under supervision, the decision on the accommodation of the alien in a specialized institution, reason for detention, legal grounds for placing an alien under detention, date and hour and period of accommodation.

(3) Based upon the decision of the Service an alien may be kept in immigration centre as long as it is necessary to execute the purpose of supervision, or until the reasons for placing an alien in custody change but not longer than 90 days.

(4) If the alien is given a milder measures under Article 99 paragraph (1) of this Act, the solution contains a decision on restriction of movement of foreigner in certain area or the address of the place, the legal basis, obligation of reporting in the particular intervals to the Service or the police, and other details relevant to the realization of a more lenient oversight. To an alien, with a certificate, shall deduct temporarily all travel documents that can be used for border-crossing procedure, unless he agrees to voluntarily leave BiH.

(5) In the event that the alien does not comply with obligations under the decision referred to in paragraph (4) of this Article, the Service shall determined supervision by placing in the immigration center.

Article 101

(Legal remedy against the decision on placing alien under supervision)

(1) An appeal against the decision on placing an alien under detention in immigration centre may be lodged with the Ministry within 3 days from the delivery of the decision. The appeal does not suspend execution of the decision.

(2) If the Ministry does not revoke decision on placing alien under supervision in immigration centre or fails to take a decision upon the appeal within 3 days from the date of its receipt, lawsuit may be filed in the administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(3) The lawsuitform paragraph 2 of this Article must be filed before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina within 3 days from the expiry of the deadline under paragraph (2) of this Article. The Court shall consider such cases urgent and hear the alien and render the decision within 3 days as of the filing of the lawsuit. The lawsuit does not suspend execution of the decision.

(4) An appeal against the decision on placing an alien under supervision restrictions on movement on defined area or place, appeal may be submitted to the Ministry within 15 days of delivery, or delivery of the decision. The appeal does not suspended enforcement.

Article 102

(Execution of the decision placing an alien under supervision and extending supervision)

(1) Placing under supervision is performed by restrictions on movement on defined area or place with the obligation to report to the organizational unit of the Service or the police, or by placing an alien in a specialized institution for admission of aliens (immigration center).

(2) The alien shall remain under supervision until the time of forced removal from the country, or as long as is necessary to carry out surveillance purposes, or until the reasons for that were the basis for placing aliens do not significantly changed, but no longer than the deadline set by the decision on placing under supervision decision on an extension of supervision.

(3) The service will for the duration of supervision to take all necessary measures to reduce the duration of the monitoring for the shortest possible time.

(4) Upon the expiration of the 90 days deadline referred to in Article 100 (Decision on placing an alien under supervision), paragraph (3) of this Law, the alien may be kept under supervision based upon the decision extending supervision as decided by the Service. The supervision may be extended for up to a further 90 days each time, at most if there are conditions for imposing the supervision referred to in Article 99 (Imposing supervision) of this Law. Hence, the total period of supervision imposed against an alien may not exceed 180 days. Decision extending supervision may be rendered not later than 15 days prior to expiry of previous decision.

(5) Exceptionally, in case that an alien fails to enable his removal from the country or it is impossible to remove an alien within 180 days for other reasons, the total duration of supervision in immigration centre may be prolonged for period longer than 180 days. Decision on extraordinary extension of supervision shall be rendered by the Service.

(6) The total duration of supervision the immigration center can not be longer than 18 months continuously, except in cases where the alien for whom it was found to poses a threat the security of Bosnia and Herzegovina, when the period of supervision may be longer.

(7) Restriction of movement under Article 114 of this law is not included in the total duration of supervision under paragraph (6) of this Article.

(8) If a foreigner can not be removed from BiH in the period referred to in paragraph (6) of this Article to a foreigner may be determined less strict control measures.

(9) Legal remedy prescribed by Article 101 (Legal remedy against the decision on placing alien under supervision) of this Law is allowed against the decision on the extension of supervision of an alien.

(10) The Service can change the measure of accommodating an alien in institution specialized for reception of alien with an alternative less strict measure which comprehends the permit for him/her to stay outside the institution if such a less strict measure may achieve the purpose of supervision.

(11) When rendering the less strict measure referred to in the paragraph (8) and (10) of this Article, the Service can limit the movement of the alien to in certain area or designate for him/her specific address of the domicile, oblige him to report regularly to the organizational unit of the Service or police and confiscate all his/her travel documents that he/she might use to cross the state border of BiH.

(12) In the event of change of the decision on placing alien under supervision referred to in paragraphs (10) of this Article, or a decision on a milder degree supervision under paragraph (8) of this Article, the complaint may be submitted to the Ministry within 15 days from the date of receipt of the decision. Appeal does not postpone the execution.

(13) If the foreigner does not comply with obligations under the decision of milder degree supervision under paragraph (11) of this Article, or the conditions for the removal of an alien from BiH are ensure, to a foreigner control measures in the immigration center may be determine.

Article 103

(Obligation to register the alien's characteristics)

1. Aliens who do not possess valid passports or other documents that can be used to cross the state border of BiH (valid travel document), aliens who illegally reside in BiH, aliens who were accepted in accordance to international readmission agreements on co-operation for readmission of persons whose residence is illegal, aliens whose visa has been annulled, residence cancelled, aliens who are the subject of expulsion from BiH and aliens under supervision, shall be obliged to allow themselves to be photographed, fingerprinted and have their physical and biometric characteristics registered.

2) An foreigner who applies for a visa must allow to Diplomatic and Consular Missions MFA and / or border police taking biometric data containing photograph and 10 fingerprints and signature. Fingerprints are not taken from:

a) children who were younger than 12 years,

b) Heads of state and governments, and the members of national government, accompanied by a spouse, members of their official delegation when they were officially invited to visit by B&H or international organization,

c) rulers and other senior members of the royal family, if they were officially invited to visit by B&H or international organization,

(3) An alien who applies for a stay is obliged to allow DCM MVP and / or organizational unit services to take biometric data containing a photo and two finger prints, and signature. Fingerprints are not taken from children who are under the age of six years.

(4) An alien who applies for international protection is obliged in the Ministry in headquarters to provide biometric data that contain: photography, fingerprints of 10 fingers and palms, and signature. Fingerprints can not be taken by children under the age of 14 years.

(5) Notwithstanding paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) above, the fingerprints are not taken from the person where taking fingerprints is physically impossible. If it is possible to take less than 10 fingerprints, according to the paragraph (2), (3) and (4) above, is taken the maximum number of fingerprints.

(6) Biometric data are stored in a central database on foreigners.

Article 104

(By laws on technical issues pertaining to placing an alien under custody and registration of foreigner's characteristics)

The Ministry shall, after obtaining the opinion of the Service, prescribe the conditions and procedures for placing an alien under supervision by bylaw also capture, storage, use, access, transfer, and proper protection mechanisms and deadlines for keeping of data under Article 103 (Obligation to register the alien's characteristics) of this Act.

CHAPTER VII. INTERNATIONAL AND TEMPORARY PROTECTION (ASYLUM)

Part A. Requirements for obtaining international protection

Article 105

(Definition of international protection)

(1) For the purpose of this Law, international protection indicates the status that competent BiH authority recognizes to the refugees or persons fulfilling the conditions for subsidiary protection.

(2) A refugee is an alien who according to the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees and 1967 Protocol, owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion, is outside the country he/she is citizen of and is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country; or stateless person outside the country of his/her habitual residence and cannot or due to fear is unwilling to return to that country.

(3) A person holding subsidiary protection is an alien who does not fulfill the criteria defined in paragraph (2) of this Article, but in respect of whom substantial grounds have been shown for believing that the person concerned would face a real risk to be exposed to the death penalty, i.e. execution, torture or inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment in the country of origin or country of habitual residence, as well as the existence of a serious individual threat to a civilian's life or person due to indiscriminate violence in situations of international or national armed conflict and is unable or, owing to the fear, is unwilling to avail himself of the protection of that country.

Article 106

(Reasons for exclusion of application of international protection)

(1) Provisions of Article 105 (Definition of international protection) of this Law shall not be applicable to an alien who is believed to have:

a. Committed crime against peace, war crime or crime against humanity as defined in international documents containing provisions pertaining to such crimes;

b. Prior to arriving to the territory of BiH, outside BiH committed non-political criminal offence, including the particularly cruel offences, even if they were committed with alleged political objectives;

c. Participated in planning, financing, organizing, aiding and abetting or perpetrating terrorist acts or providing refuge to perpetrators of terrorist activities; or

d. Is guilty for taking actions in contravention to objectives and principles of United Nations.

(2) Request for international protection shall be rejected if an alien obtained a refugee status in another country or has found effective protection of another country and is able to return to that country and exercise the protection, or if an alien receives the protection or assistance from bodies or agencies of United Nations at the time of taking the decision, except in case of assistance from UN Agency for Refugees (UN High Commissioner for Refugees, hereinafter UNHCR).

(3) International protection shall not be approved to an alien to whom the competent authorities of BiH recognize the same rights and obligations as to a BiH citizen.

(4) Request for international protection shall be rejected if:

a. There are grounds to believe that an alien poses a threat to public order or security of BiH; or

b. An alien is convicted by a final judgment for a criminal offence punishable by prison sentence for a term of three years or harsher sentence (grave criminal offence) and represents a threat for BiH.

Part B. Procedure and competent bodies

Article 107

(Intention and request for international protection)

(1) The intention to file a request for international protection an alien can express at the border crossing to the organizational unit competent to control the crossing of the state border or, within the territory of BiH to the organizational units of the Service.

(2) When an alien states reasons as per Article 91 (principle of non-refoulement) of this Law, the authority taking his/her statement is obliged to immediately inform the competent organizational unit of the Service which is obliged to accept the alien.

(3) The Service for Foreigners shall issue an attestation on the intention to file a request for international protection and determine the travel route and the deadline needed for the alien to personally file a request for international protection with the Seat of the Ministry. This attestation shall be considered as permission to remain for a specific period of time and for determined travel route.

(4) The Service for Foreigners shall without delay forward to the Seat of the Ministry a copy of the confirmation of the expressed intention of alien to file for international protection.

(5) The request for international protection shall be filed in person with the Seat of the Ministry; the applicant is registered and receives a document confirming the submission of the request for international protection. That document shall be considered as a residence permit pending a binding or final decision upon his/her request as per Articles 112 (Termination of the procedure) and 113 (Filing of a new application for international protection) of this Law. When issuing a document confirming the submission of a request, all documents needed for the crossing of the state border BiH of shall be confiscated from the person seeking international protection.

(6) An applicant for international protection is obliged to timely request the extension of the document confirming the submission of the request for international protection. This document cannot be used to cross the state border.

(7) If an alien who expresses the intention to file a request for international protection or who files a request for international protection had already been placed under supervision, the fact of invoking the international protection shall not affect the decision nor the execution of the decision pertaining to placement under supervision.

Article 108

(Exclusion of the application of the sanctions for illegal entry into BiH)

No penalty shall be imposed against an applicant for international protection coming directly from a territory where his/her life or freedom was jeopardized on account of his/her illegal entry or presence in the country, under the condition that he/she registers without delay with the authorities referred to under Article 107 (Intention and request for international protection) paragraph (1) of this Law and provides justified reasons for his/her illegal entry or presence in BiH.

Article 109

(Procedure and competence for issuing decisions on international protection)

(1) Procedure for international protection is initiated by submitting an application to the Ministry in headquarters, which considers the request and makes a decision.

(2) The decision shall be taken individually, after finalization of the special examination procedure where all relevant facts, circumstances and evidence relevant for taking the decision have been determined. During the course of the procedure, applicant must be given the opportunity to present all the circumstances known to him/her, to have access to all available evidence, insight into the subject as well as to propose presentation of particular evidence.

(3) An alien shall be given an opportunity to follow the course of the procedure through an interpreter if he/she does not speak the language used during the procedure, as well as to use the services of a legal or other counselor. The obligation of the conductor of the procedure is to inform the applicant about all rights and obligations stemming from the Law.

(4) The recognition of refugee status is not dependent upon the production of any particular formal evidence.

(5) Any decision on determining whether or not the request for international protection is founded must be fully reasoned and shall be delivered to the applicant in person.

(6) In cases of unfounded applications under Article 110 (Rejection of requests for international protection) paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Law, the Ministry shall act urgently and pass a decision within 15 days from reception of the request at the latest.

(7) A complaint against a decision of the Seat of the Ministry on reasonable grounds of the request for international protection is not allowed, but it is possible to initiate the administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(8) In cases described under paragraph (6) of this Article, the complaint initiating the administrative procedure is to be filed before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina through the Ministry within 8 (eight) days from the receipt of the decision, and the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina is obliged to consider these cases urgent and adopt a decision within 30 days from the day the Court received the complaint.

(8) The complaint shall stay the execution of decision.

Article 110

(Rejection of requests for international protection)

(1) The Ministry shall reject the request for international protection as unfounded if the application is based on reasons that do not provide grounds for granting the status as per Article 105 (Definition of the term "international protection") of this Law.

(2) The Ministry shall also reject the request for international protection as unfounded in the following cases:

a) If the request is based solely on economic reasons;

b) If the request is contradictory, not credible, or inconsistent which makes it unconvincing in relation to the terms prescribed under Article 105 of this Law;

c) If the request is based on obvious deception or abuse of the procedure for the purpose of obtaining international protection in BiH;

d) If the applicant for international protection arrived from a country of origin considered to be safe by BiH (hereinafter referred to as: safe country of origin), unless it has been proved during the procedure that the country of origin is not safe for that particular person;

e) If the applicant for international protection arrived from a third country which is considered to be safe by BiH, (hereinafter referred to as: safe third countries), unless it has been proved during the procedure that the specific third country is not safe for that particular person;

f) If the applicant for international protection holds multiple citizenship, unless during the procedure it is proven that this person could not be placed under protection of any of the countries whose citizenship this person holds, for reasons for which international protection is recognized; or

g) If there are reasons for exclusion as per Article 106 (Reasons for exclusion of application of international protection) of this Law.

(3) Obvious deception or misuse of the procedure as per paragraph 2, subparagraph c of this Article is considered to be the following:

a) If the applicant for international protection, without reasonable explanation, intentionally gives false statements during the application procedure and these statements are important for the adoption of the decision on his/her status;

b) If an applicant for international protection without reasonable explanation submits false data on his/her identity or citizenship, or submits forged or somebody else's travel or other documents;

c) If an applicant for international protection, with the aim to make difficult the determination of identity or factual situation, has destroyed, damaged or hidden travel or other documents or proofs which are important for the procedure;

d) If the request for international protection has been filed for the purpose of delaying the execution of the decision on expulsion or extradition, or transfer from the territory of BiH, and the request could have been filed substantially earlier;

e) If an applicant for international protection conceals that he/she already filed a request for international protection in some other safe third country; or

f) If the applicant for international protection presents false information or documents to which he/she refers to upon submitting the request.

(4) The application for international protection filed by a person legally incompetent to work who is not accompanied by a legal representative cannot be considered as obviously unfounded.

Article 111

(Safe country of origin and safe third country)

(1) Safe country of origin is the country where her citizens or persons without citizenship, considering their last place of residence, are safe from persecution as per Article 105 (Definition of the term "international protection") paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Law, which implies existence of democratic institutions, democratic processes, elections, political pluralism, freedom of opinion, voicing of opinion, availability and efficiency of legal protection and the country's stability.

(2) A safe third country is a country where the applicant for international protection resided prior to coming to BiH, under condition that:

- a) there are no persecutions or human rights violations as per Article 105 paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Law,
- b) the principle of non-refoulement is implemented and respected there, and
- c) that he/she can come back to that country legally and is enabled access to the international protection procedure and enabled to file the request for international protection which will be considered as per regulations.

(3) A decision on which countries are considered as safe countries of origin and safe third countries as per paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article is to be brought by the Council of Ministers of BiH, upon obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Ministry of Justice of BiH.

Article 112

(Termination of the procedure)

(1) The procedure of the request for international protection, along with the cases foreseen under the Law on Administrative Procedure, shall be terminated by way of a conclusion also in the following cases:

- a) If an applicant for international protection does not appear for the second call for interview, unless he/she proves that failing to comply was caused by circumstances beyond his/her control;
- b) If the applicant for international protection has left or attempted to leave the territory of BiH during the procedure of the request for international protection; or
- c) If an applicant for international protection does not collaborate with the competent authority for solving upon his requests, or
- d) If during the procedure finds out that the applicant for international protection is citizen of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(2) A complaint against the conclusion of the Ministry from paragraph 1 is not allowed. However, it is possible to initiate an administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The lawsuit initiating the administrative procedure is to be

filed with the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina via the Ministry within 8 (eight) days after receipt of the conclusion.

(3) The lawsuit does not stay the execution of the decision.

Article 113

(Filing of a new application for international protection)

(1) The Ministry shall deny the application for international protection if the applicant had an earlier application for international protection in BiH denied, rejected or the procedure terminated, and the applicant failed to provide evidence that the circumstances on which the previous application was based on, have significantly changed in the meanwhile.

(2) In cases from paragraph (1) of this Article the Ministry brings a conclusion against which a complaint is not allowed, but it is possible to initiate the administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The lawsuit initiating the administrative procedure is to be filed with the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina via the Ministry within 8 (eight) days after receipt of the conclusion.

(3) The lawsuit does not stay the execution of the conclusion.

Article 114

(Movement restrictions of applicant for international protection)

(1) If the need is indicated, the movement of an applicant for international protection may temporarily be restricted if:

a) The applicant does not respect the public order of BiH [Article 9 (Obligation to respect the legal order of BiH)], poses a threat to public order, legal order and peace and national security of BiH;

b) he/she represents a threat to public health in BiH;

c) There is a ground for suspicion of existence of obvious deception or abuse of the procedure as per Article 110 (Rejection of requests for international protection) paragraph (3) of this Law;

d) It is necessary for the protection of other persons or property; or

e) it is necessary in order to determine the applicant's identity.

(2) Movement shall be restricted by way of:

a) a restriction of movement outside a specified area or place;

b) a restriction of movement outside the institution specialized for admittance of aliens; If previously the expulsion measure is pronounced.

c) a restriction of movement outside a determined area of the organizational unit of the Service, if accommodation is available there;

d) a restriction of movement outside a specified border crossing, if accommodation is available there.

(3) The measure of restricting the movement of an applicant for international protection is determined by a decision of the Seat of the Ministry. The restriction of movement may remain in force for as long as the reasons for its resolution exist, but no longer than 90 days. In exceptionally justified conditions, the movement restriction measure may be extended for an additional 90 days. A restriction that is based upon the prevention of the spread of infectious diseases may stay in effect for as long as there are reasons for it, which shall be reviewed within the abovementioned deadlines.

(4) A complaint against the decision referred to in paragraph (3) of this Article is not allowed, but it is possible to initiate the administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina by way of a complaint within 8 days from the date of delivery of the decision, a The court is obliged to consider these cases a priority and decide upon the complaint within eight days of receiving the complaint.

(5) The complaint does not stay the execution of the decision.

Article 115

(Protection of data)

1. In the procedures related to international protection the public is excluded and all information relating to the procedure is considered confidential.

2. On the data marked by different levels of confidentiality under paragraph (1) of this Article, shall apply the Law on the protection of classified information

Article 116

(Decisions upon the application for international protection)

Upon the application for international protection, the Ministry brings a decision, by which:

a) The application for international protection is approved and applicant's refugee status in BiH is recognized;

b) The application for international protection is approved, refugee status is not recognized, and the right to subsidiary protection is granted;

c) The application for international protection is rejected, and the alien is given a deadline by which he/she must voluntary leave BiH;

d) The procedure for international protection is ceased and the alien is given a deadline by which he/she must voluntary leave BiH; or

e) The procedure for international protection is denied and the alien is given a deadline by which he/she must voluntarily leave BiH.

f) Application for international protection is rejected and determines that the alien can not be removed from the territory for reasons specified in Article 91 (The principle of non-refoulement, "non-refoulement") of this Act.

Article 117

(Expulsion in case of rejection of the application for international protection)

An alien whose application for international protection was rejected by way of a legally binding decision made in the sense of Article 116 (Decisions upon the application for international protection) subparagraph c) or with final decision made in sense of Article 116 subparagraphs d) or e), but who does not leave the territory of BiH by the specified deadline, shall be expelled from the country in accordance with Article 88 (Reasons for imposing the expulsion measures) paragraph (1) subparagraph c) of this Law.

Article 118

(Protection in case of the rejection of the application for international protection)

(1) An alien who has previously exhausted all available legal remedies and whose request has been rejected by a final and binding decision brought in accordance with Article 116 (Decisions upon the application for international protection) subparagraph c) i f) or with final decision made in sense of Article 116 subparagraphs d) or e), but with respect to whom it has been determined during the procedure of the request for international protection that he/she nevertheless cannot be removed from the territory of BiH for the reasons prescribed in Article 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) of this Law, shall come under the authority of the Service.

(2) The Service shall issue to the alien referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article the temporary residence permit on humanitarian grounds in the sense of Article 54 (Temporary residence on humanitarian grounds) paragraph (1) subparagraph d) of this Law.

(3) Notwithstanding the paragraph (2) of this Article, the Service shall impose the placement under supervision against an alien for whom it has been determined that he/she poses a threat to public order, legal order and peace or security of BiH, in accordance with provisions of articles 98 through 104 [Part B (Placing an alien under supervision), Chapter VI (Admission of aliens and supervision)] of this Law.

(4) The Service, in cooperation with the Ministry, other ministries and Council of Ministers, shall undertake all necessary measures in accordance with law, other regulations of BiH and international law in regard to resolution of the final status of the alien referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.

Article 119

(Reception of international protection applicants)

(1) The Ministry shall provide the appropriate conditions for the acceptance of foreigner who has declared his intent for applying for international protection or foreigner who files a request for international protection, in particular in terms of accommodation, food, primary health care and access to the education system.

(2) The Ministry will provide necessary medical or other assistance to individuals with disabilities under paragraph (1) of this Article.

Part C. Rights and obligations of persons who were granted international protection in BiH

Article 120

(Rights of persons who were granted international protection)

(1) An alien to whom international protection has been granted and to whom the refugee status has been recognized shall acquire the rights and duties defined in Articles 3 through 34 of the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees. An alien to whom international protection has been granted and to whom the subsidiary protection status has been recognized shall acquire the same rights and duties as the alien with the refugee status, unless otherwise prescribed.

(2) The provisions of this Law and other laws of Bosnia and Herzegovina as well as of the international instruments which are already in force and to which Bosnia and Herzegovina is a contracting party, shall prevail over the provisions of the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees, provided that they accord a more favorable treatment to the aliens with the recognized refugee status.

(3) An alien holding the refugee status shall be entitled to reside in BiH for as long as his/her international protection is valid and for that purpose he/she shall be issued a residence permit for refugees. The refugee status shall in principle also be extended to the person he/she is married to or is in common-law marriage with and to the minor children, as well as to other close family members who live in the same household in Bosnia and Herzegovina. An alien with the recognized refugee status shall have access to work, education, health care and social welfare under the same terms and conditions as BiH citizens and shall also have the right to reunification of family members.

(4) An alien to whom the subsidiary protection is recognized shall be entitled to reside in BiH throughout the period of one year. The residence permit shall be renewed at the request of the alien for as long as the conditions based on which the subsidiary protection had been recognized continue to exist, unless otherwise required by the reasons of public order, legal order and peace and national security of BiH. As long as the international protection lasts, the alien shall have the right to work and shall also have access to education, health care and social welfare under the same conditions as BiH citizens.

(5) In cooperation with the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the Ministry for Civil Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina, for the persons with the recognized refugee status or status of subsidiary protection the Ministry shall issue documents referred to Article 121 (Documents for refugees who are granted subsidiary protection) of this Act.

(6) In cooperation with the Ministry for Civil Affairs of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the Ministry, for the persons with the recognized refugee status or status of subsidiary protection the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees shall ensure the rights on accommodation, work, education, and ensure the right to health and social care. Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees shall allow , in cooperation with other ministries, institutions and services, persons with recognized refugee status or subsidiary protection status access to the integration facilitation.

Article 121

(Documents for refugees and persons who are granted subsidiary protection)

(1) Identity documents shall be issued to an alien in BiH holding a refugee status and aliens who are granted subsidiary protection.

(2) The alien holding a refugee status, who does not have a valid travel document or is unable to obtain a travel document from the country of his/her habitual residence may be issued, at his/her own request, a travel document for refugees for the purpose of traveling abroad and returning to BiH, unless it is contrary to significant reasons of public order, legal order and peace or security of BiH.

(3) The travel document for an alien holding refugee status shall be issued by the Ministry for a period of validity of two years.

Article 122

(Obligations of the applicants and persons with approved request for international protection)

An applicant and person with approved request for international protection are obliged to register their residence and change of address with the competent authority in accordance with Article 72 (Obligation to register temporary/permanent residence) of this Law within eight days, and they are in particular obliged to respect the public order of BiH [Article 9 (Obligation to respect the public order of BiH)] constitutions, laws and other regulations in BiH.

Part D. Cessation of international protection

Article 123

(Reasons for cessation of refugee status and status of subsidiary protection)

(1) International protection granted in BiH shall cease to be valid to:

- a) an alien who has voluntarily re-availed himself/herself of the protection of the state of his/her citizenship;
- 9) an alien who, having lost the citizenship of another country has voluntarily re-acquired it;
- c) an alien who has acquired a new citizenship and enjoys the protection of the country of this new citizenship;
- d) an alien who has voluntarily re-established himself/herself in the country which he/she left or outside which he/she remained owing to fear of persecution;
- e) an alien who can no longer, because the circumstances in connection with which he/she has been granted the status of protection in BiH have ceased to exist, continue to refuse to avail himself/herself of the protection of the state of his/her citizenship;
- f) an alien without citizenship, can no longer refuse to avail himself/herself of the protection of the state of former habitual residence, because the circumstances in connection with which he/she has been granted the status of protection in BiH have ceased to exist,; or
- g) an alien who has obtained the citizenship of BiH.
- h) an alien, if the circumstances that lead to granting the specific status no longer exist or have changed to the extent that the protection is no longer required.

(2) In application of paragraph (1) subparagraphs e) and f) of this Article, it shall be taken into consideration if the circumstances that brought to recognition of the status of protection in BiH no longer exist or have changed to the extent that the protection is no longer required.

Article 124

(Cancellation of the refugee status or status of subsidiary protection)

(1) The Ministry shall cancel the granted refugee status or subsidiary protection status in the following cases:

- a) When it has been ascertained that there is at least one of the reasons for exclusion of application of international protection referred to in Article 106 (Reasons for exclusion of application of international protection) of this Law.
- b) where it is established that the misrepresentation or leaving out the facts by persons under international protection, including the use of false documents, were decisive for the recognition of international protection.

(2) Decision on cancellation of refugee status shall not affect the rights set by articles 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) and 118 (Protection in case of the rejection of the application for international protection) of this Law and Article 32 of the 1951 Convention on Refugee Status..

Article 125

(Competency and complaint in the case of cessation, i.e. cancellation of the international protection)

(1) The decision on cessation and cancellation of international protection shall be taken by the Seat of the Ministry ex officio.

(2) A complaint against the decision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article is not allowed, but it is possible to initiate the administrative procedure before the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina. The complaint initiating the administrative procedure is to be filed with the Court of Bosnia and Herzegovina via the Ministry within 15 (fifteen) days from the delivery of the decision, and the Court is obliged to consider these cases to be urgent and bring a decision within 45 days from the day the court received the complaint.

(3) The complaint shall stay the execution of the decision.

(4) The alien may neither be expelled nor forcibly removed from BiH before the decision referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article becomes legally binding.

(5) The person who is party in the proceedings has to be enabled to, at the hearing or in written submission, elaborate why his/her international protection should not be terminated or cancelled.

Part E. Mass influx and temporary protection

Article 126

(Temporary protection in case of mass influx)

(1) In cases of a mass influx, or an imminent mass influx, of aliens in need of international protection, the BiH Council of Ministers may, in consultations with UNHCR and other relevant international organizations in BiH, issue special regulations providing a temporary protection of these persons.

(2) The Council of Ministers shall, in consultation with UNHCR and other relevant international organizations in BiH, cancel the special regulations referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, after the cessation of the reasons justifying their existence, which shall be without prejudice to the rights of aliens who were protected by way of these regulations to seek international protection.

Article 127

(Granting temporary protection)

(1) Temporary protection shall be granted to aliens coming en masse to BiH from a country where, due to a war or comparable situation, general violence or internal conflicts, violation of the human rights has taken place, and the country of their origin has no capacities to protect them.

(2) Aliens referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, who is citizens of the country they escaped from or are without citizenship, shall be granted the temporary protections under the following terms:

a) that they had, prior the emergency of the situation referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, permanent or temporary residence in that country and that they came directly to BiH due to the situation that have emerged; or

b) That they have resided legally in BiH prior to the emergence of such situation, and their return to the country of origin had been temporarily disabled by reason referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article upon the expiry of their legal residence in BiH.

(3) The assessment of the necessity to grant the protection to the persons referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be made by the Council of Ministers.

(4) Taking into consideration the economic and other potentials of BiH, as well as the reasons of the public order, legal order and peace or security of BiH, the Council of Ministers shall identify the number of persons to whom the temporary protection shall be granted, as well as the reasons due to which that number can be exceeded until the amendment to the decision.

Article 128

(Competence for granting and the period of the temporary protection)

(1) The Ministry shall grant the temporary protection for the period of six months.

(2) Temporary protection can be extended for the period of six months if there are justifiable reasons for granting it, and it may last maximum two years in total.

(3) In case the reasons for temporary protection continue to exist, Council of Ministers may extend temporary protection for additional one year upon the proposal of the Ministry.

Article 129

(Reasons for not granting the temporary protection)

Temporary protection shall not be granted to an alien:

a) If the preconditions for granting temporary protection referred to in Article 127 (Approval of temporary protection) of this Law have not been met;

- b) If there are reasons for exclusion from application of international protection as per Article 106 (Reasons for exclusion from the application of the international protection) of this Law or the prohibition referred to in Article 10 (Association of aliens carrying weapons and wearing uniforms in BiH) paragraph (1) of this Law is violated;
- c) if he/she has been sentenced by a legally binding verdict for a criminal offence for which is possible to pronounce the prison sentence of three years or more severe sentence (serious crime), and the rehabilitation by deleting the sentence from the criminal records has not taken place;
- d) If he/she has been granted the refugee status or status of subsidiary protection or is the alien with approved temporary or permanent residence in BiH;
- e) If he/she enjoys the international protection in a third country; or
- f) If he/she has the citizenship of a third country or regulated residence in a third country.

Article 130

(Expiry of the temporary protection)

Temporary protection shall expire to an alien:

- a) By expiry of period to which it has been granted;
- b) By cessation of the existence of the reason for temporary protection;
- c) When he/she leaves BiH;
- d) If the protection has been granted on the grounds of another law or international agreement;
- e) If he/she enjoys the international protection and has regulated residence in a third country;

Article 131

(Rights and obligations of aliens under temporary protection)

- (1) An alien to whom the temporary protection in BiH is granted shall be entitled to:
 - a) Residence,
 - b) Basic conditions for living and accommodation,
 - c) Health care,
 - d) Primary and secondary education,
 - e) Legal assistance,

- f) Freedom of religion,
- g) Right to work.

(2) An alien to whom the temporary protection is granted is obliged to register his/her residence and change of address with the competent authority in accordance with Article 72 (Obligation to register temporary/permanent residence) of this Law within eight days, and is particularly obliged to respect the constitutions, laws and other regulations in BiH.

Article 132

(Right to reunification of family of aliens under temporary protection)

(1) Exceptionally, along with the rights provided in Article 131 (Rights and obligations of aliens under temporary protection) of this Law, an alien under temporary protection shall be granted the right to family reunification if that is legally possible to achieve only in BiH.

(2) Provisions of Article 57 (Temporary residence on the grounds of family reunification) paragraph (1) subparagraph c) and paragraph (2) of this Law shall apply to the right to family reunification referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.

(3) Temporary protection shall also be granted to the members of family that is reunited.

Article 133

(Accommodation of aliens under temporary protection)

Accommodation shall be secured for the aliens who have been granted temporary protection in accordance with capacities of BiH.

Article 134

(Identification document of aliens under temporary protection)

Identification document shall be issued to an alien to whom the temporary protection has been granted.

Article 135

(Restricting the exercise of rights)

An alien who in the course of the temporary protection applies for the international protection cannot exercise the rights of the applicant for the international protection as long as his/her temporary protection lasts.

Article 136

(Temporary protection after the proceedings for international protection)

If neither refugee status nor subsidiary protection has been granted upon the proceedings completed, person meeting the requirements for the temporary protection or already under the temporary protection will be provided with temporary protection during remaining the period of the protection.

Article 137

(By-laws on technical issues of international and temporary protection)

(1) The Ministry shall, as needed, by way of a by-law further regulate issues regulated in this chapter of this Law, after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees and the Ministry for Civil Affairs of BiH.

(2) The method and the procedure for registration of aliens with refugee status, aliens under subsidiary protection and aliens under temporary protection, as well as the principles of data protection relating to such persons, shall be established in the by-laws referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.

(3) The Ministry of Human Rights and Refugees of BiH shall regulate the access to the rights referred to in Articles 120, paragraph 6 (Rights of persons who were granted international protection) of this Law after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry for Civil Affairs of BiH and Ministry of Security of BiH.

Article 138

(Cooperation with UNHCR)

(1) The competent authorities shall co-operate with UNHCR in accordance with Article 35 of the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees.

(2) International protection applicants shall be given the opportunity, at all stages of the procedure, to communicate with UNHCR or with other organizations that may be working on behalf of UNHCR,

(3) The representative of UNHCR provided that the applicant agrees with that shall be informed of the course of the procedure, and will always allow presence to a conversation in which the applicant shall present the detailed reasons for the request

(4) The representative of UNHCR shall be given opportunity to submit his/her observations after the interview with the applicant.

CHAPTER VIII. OTHER PROVISIONS: ON MINORS, IMMUNITIES, FOREIGN UNIFORMS, OFFICIAL RECORDS

Article 139

(Protection of rights of minor and other aliens)

- (1) No provision of this Law shall preclude exercise and protection of the rights of aliens before any competent authority in BiH.
- (2) The competent authorities in BiH are obliged to treat minor aliens with particular attention and respect and to treat them in accordance with the Convention on Children's Rights and BiH regulations pertaining to the care and protection of minors.
- (3) A minor alien who has illegally entered BiH and is not accompanied by his/her parents or legal representative or has been deprived of the presence of those persons upon entering BiH and whom the Service cannot immediately return to the country he/she came from or turn him over to the representatives of the country of his/her citizenship, the Service shall temporarily accommodate him/her in the section of the institution specialized for minors, in which event they shall inform the responsible centre for social work, which shall immediately appoint a temporary guardian in accordance with the Law.
- (4) A minor referred to in the paragraph (3) of this Article shall not be sent back to the country of his/her habitual residence or the country willing to receive him/her prior to the provision of parental care or legal representation or representation of the responsible authorities in the country of return. An unaccompanied minor must under no circumstances return in a manner violating the European Convention on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and this Law.

Article 140

(Privileges and immunities under international law)

- (1) The provisions of this Law, with the exception of the provisions on international protection and temporary reception, shall not be applicable to diplomatic and consular agents or other persons enjoying privileges and immunities under international law or based on an international contract.
- (2) Aliens referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article who reside temporarily in BiH based on their service in diplomatic-consular representations and other missions with diplomatic status, shall regulate their residence in BiH through the diplomatic protocol of the BiH MFA.
- (3) With exception to the provision of paragraph (1) of this Article, provisions of this Law may, with prior accordance of the BiH MFA, be applied to persons who enjoy privileges and immunities under the international law if the said provisions are not contrary to international obligations and the principle of reciprocity.
- (4) With exception to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article the provisions of this Law may, with prior accordance of the BiH MFA, be applied to the family members of person enjoying privileges and immunities.

(5) The MFA BiH shall define the procedures regarding the area regulated by this Article by way of by-laws, after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry.

(6) The MFA BiH shall provide clarification in cases of disagreement pertaining to the applicability and scope of privileges and immunities or the principle of reciprocity. Other authorities shall also be obliged by this BiH MFA clarification.

Article 141

(Exemption from application of provisions on work of aliens)

The provisions of articles 77 through 86 [Chapter IV. (Residence of aliens in BiH), Part G. (Entry and stay of aliens in BiH for the purpose of work)] of this Law shall not be applied:

- a) to an alien who is member of a diplomatic mission, i.e. consular office of a foreign country or member of a mission with diplomatic status and who has been issued a special identification document;
- b) to an alien who enjoys the privileges and immunities on the grounds of an international treaty;
- c) to an alien who performs duties in BiH on the grounds of an international agreement on professional and technical support that BiH makes with another country, international organization or EU, or who conducts a project in accordance with such international agreement.

Article 142

(Movement while wearing foreign uniform)

(1) During his/her stay in BiH, an alien may move wearing a foreign military uniform in the following cases:

- (1) If he/she resides in BiH in capacity of a military representative as diplomatic mission member, i.e. consular office of a foreign country or other foreign mission with diplomatic status in BiH, during the duration of the mission;
- (2) If he/she, as member of a foreign military mission or foreign military delegation, is in official visit;
- (3) If he/she is a student of the military school or is at military training;
- (4) If he/she, as member of a foreign military mission or foreign military delegation with a diplomatic or official travel document transits the BiH territory;
- (5) If he/she is a participant of a military exercise or training.

(2) An alien may move wearing a foreign police or customs officer uniform in the following cases:

- a) If he/she resides in BiH as a member of a mission with diplomatic status in BiH, during the duration of the mission;
 - b) If he/she, as member of a foreign police or customs body, is in official visit;
 - c) If he/she performs service at mutual control of the state border crossing at the part of border crossing that belongs to BiH;
 - d) If he/she is a student of a police school or is at the police or similar training;
 - e) If he/she, as member of a foreign police mission or foreign customs delegation with a diplomatic or official travel document transits the BiH territory.
- (3) The Minister of Defense of BiH, with prior consent of the Minister of Security, may approve wearing of the foreign military uniform also in other cases that are not envisaged in paragraph
- (1) of this Article.
- (4) The Minister of Security may approve wearing of the foreign police or customs uniform also in other cases that are not envisaged in paragraph (2) of this Article.
- (5) The aliens in uniform shall enter BiH in accordance with the Law on Border Control.

Article 143

(Exception from application of certain provisions of this Law)

Chapters II, III, IV, V, VI, and X, except for Articles 72 (Obligation to register temporary/permanent residence of aliens), 73 (Temporary and permanent residence of aliens), 74 (Deadlines for registering/deregistering the temporary/permanent residence of aliens), 91 (Principle of non-refoulement) and 98 (Institutional organization) and 103. (Obligation to register the alien's characteristics) shall not apply to applicants for international protection until the decision about his/her request is made in accordance with this Law.

Article 144

(Official records)

- (1) Pursuant to this Law, official records shall be kept on:
 - a) Aliens who have been granted temporary or permanent residence,
 - b) Travel documents issued to aliens in accordance with this Law,
 - c) Aliens who have been refused entry into the country,
 - d) Aliens whose residence has been cancelled,

- e) Aliens who have been granted a postponement of enforcement of expulsion measures,
 - f) Aliens who have been pronounced the measure of expulsion,
 - g) Measures undertaken in relation to aliens,
 - h) Aliens who have been forcibly expelled from BiH,
 - i) Reported cases of missing travel documents of aliens,
 - j) Identification documents issued to aliens,
 - k) Registration of residence, cancellation of residence, and change of address,
 - l) Aliens who have filed a request for international protection,
 - m) Aliens who have been granted refugee status, subsidiary protection or temporary protection,
 - n) Aliens who have been designated for supervision measures, i.e. who have been put under supervision,
 - o) Aliens who have appealed against decisions of the Service and aliens who have initiated administrative dispute,
 - p) Second instance decisions and final decisions,
 - q) Aliens who have been issued visas,
 - r) Aliens whose period of visa validity has been shortened,
 - s) Aliens whose visa has been cancelled,
 - t) Natural persons and legal persons that have issued guarantee letters and invitations for aliens to enter BiH,
 - u) International carriers who have violated provisions of this Law.
 - v) biometric data of foreigners
 - w) the applications of work of foreigners.
- (2) Apart from the official records referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, the competent authority may also keep the other records for the purpose of efficiency of the work or processing, if they do not include the personal data.
- (3) Official records shall be kept by the authority that is, in accordance with this Law, authorized for proceedings in the particular matter.

Article 145

(Central database on aliens)

(1) A central database on aliens shall be established within the Ministry for recording and monitoring the entry to, stay in and exit from BiH, as well as of persons who have requested or have been granted international protection in BiH on the grounds of granted temporary protection.

(2) The central database on aliens shall contain all the official records referred to in Article 144 (Official records) of this Law. The authority referred to in paragraph (3) of Article 144 of this Law that keeps the official records, shall forward the data from the records to the central database immediately upon every change, and not later than during the same day.

(3) Central database on foreigners and contains information about the name and surname of the person, his middle name, sex, date of birth, nationality, type, type, number and period of validity of the travel document, place, time and direction of crossing the border, information on visas, residence permit or another document that replaces a visa, as well as other data that are taken via electronic readers travel documents at border crossings which are recorded by Border police.

(4) The Service and organizational units of the Ministry, the MFA and Intelligence and Security Agency and the police shall have access to the data records as referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, when that is in function of carrying out tasks falling within their respective competences.

(5) Upon the justified request, the other authorities in BiH may also have the access to the data from the central database, when that is in function of carrying out tasks falling within their respective competences.

(6) Upon the justified request, the competent authority with which the central database on aliens is located, may grant the access to the database to another authority when that is in function of carrying out tasks falling within the competence of that authority, and in accordance with the provisions of the Law on the Protection of Personal Data and Law on the Central Registers and Data Exchange.

(7) The provisions and principles of the Law on the Protection of Personal Data and Law on the Central Registers and Data Exchange shall apply to any processing, access and use of the data from this Law.

Article 146

(By-laws on maintaining, use and access to records and database)

The Ministry shall prescribe detailed rules on maintaining, use and access to records and central database on aliens and certain records in the form of by-laws.

Article 147

(Database on Specimens of Travel Documents)

1. Border Police shall establish a database of specimens of valid travel documents and a database of forged travel documents that should be available to the Service, the Immigration Sector, the Asylum Sector and the MFA.
2. On the proposal of Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Council of Ministers makes a list of foreign passports and other documents recognized by the BiH and with which foreigners can cross the state border of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Article 148

(Supervision of the implementation of this Law)

The supervision of the implementation of the provisions set by this Law and other regulations adopted in accordance with this Law shall be conducted by the Seat of the Ministry pursuant to the Law on Administrative Procedure.

CHAPTER IX. PENALTY (MISDEMEANOUR) PROVISIONS

Article 149

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of articles 13, 49, 61, 66 and 74)

(1) An alien shall be fined KM 50 to KM 500 for a misdemeanour:

- a) If he/she, contrary to Article 13 (Obligation to carry and show the alien proof of identity) paragraph (1) of this Law, does not have on him/her the document proving and verifying his/her identity or right to enter or stay, or if he/she refuses to show it to an authorized official of the Service, police or other competent authority when other authority is authorized by law to do so;
- b) If he/she does not return the travel document for aliens to the Service in accordance with Article 49 (Obligations of an alien in connection with the travel documents for aliens) paragraph (2) or if he/she does not report that the travel document for aliens has been lost, destroyed or misplaced in some other way in accordance with Article 49, paragraph (3), or if he/she does not report that the identification card for alien has been lost, destroyed or misplaced in some other way in accordance with Article 66 (Identity card for aliens) paragraph (6) of this Law;
- c) If he/she requests for child the granting of residence pursuant to Article 61 (Children of aliens with granted residence) paragraph (1), and fails to file the request within 30 days for the day of child's birth pursuant to Article 61, paragraph (2) of this Law, although there were no justifiable circumstances for such failure;
- d) If he/she does not apply for identification card for alien with the competent authority or does not apply within the time limit stipulated as per Article 66, paragraph (2) of this Law;

e) If he/she, pursuant to Article 74 (Deadlines for registering/deregistering the temporary/permanent residence of aliens) of this Law, fails to register the permanent or temporary residence or change of address in the place of permanent residence or fails to do it within the prescribed time limit, or if he/she fails to deregister the permanent or temporary residence before leaving BiH despite instruction to do so.

(2) Legal or natural persons who are carriers or who provide the accommodation services or travel arrangement services, shall be fined, for minor offence, KM 100 to KM 500 if they withhold or attempt to withhold the travel document or identification document of an alien contrary to Article 13, paragraph (2) of this Law.

(3) For minor offence referred to in paragraph (2) of this Article, a responsible individual within the legal person shall also be fined KM 100 to KM 500.

(4) In the case referred to in paragraph (1), subparagraph b) of this Article, the travel document shall be seized.

Article 150

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 75)

(1) A natural person that provides accommodation to aliens shall be fined, for a misdemeanour, KM 200 to KM 800, if:

a) He/she fails to report the residence of an alien or fails to report it within the prescribed time limit pursuant to Article 75 (Other bodies obligated to register a temporary residence), paragraph (1);

b) He/she does not keep or keep in a disorderly manner records on aliens to whom he/she provides accommodation services or does not keep records on aliens within the previously defined period of time pursuant to Article 75, paragraph (2);

c) He/she does not allow inspection of the records on aliens, their stay and movement, by an authorized official of the Service or police contrary to Article 75, paragraph (5) of this Law.

(2) A legal person that provides accommodation to aliens shall be fined KM 500 to KM 2500 for a misdemeanour referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.

(3) For misdemeanour referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, a responsible individual within the legal person shall also be fined KM 200 to KM 800.

Article 151

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of articles 16, 19, 21 and 63 and 84)

(1) An alien shall be fined KM 300 to KM 1500 for a misdemeanour:

a) If he/she attempts to enter or enters BiH illegally as per Article 16 (Illegal entry into BiH) of this Law;

b) If he/she stays in BiH for a time longer than the time specified in his/her visa, temporary residence permit or Article 21 (Exemption from visa requirement) paragraph (2) of this Law, and does not leave BiH during the subsequent day, i.e. if he/she does not leave BiH in the time limit specified by this Law or by a decision of a competent authority;

c) If he/she violates the restriction of movement at the specified area or place or does not report in a specified period to the organizational unit of the Service at which area he/she resides, if such obligations have been ordered to him/her pursuant to Article 63 (Appeal against the decision rejecting the application for residence permit) paragraph 3 of this Law.

d) If he/she contrary to Article 84 (Exemptions from the requirement to hold a work permit), paragraph (2) of this Act does not have certificate of work registration or perform tasks other than those specified in the application work.

(2) An official of the Service of official authorized for the control of crossing of the state border, when he/she finds the violation referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b) of this Article, may issue the misdemeanour order and impose a fine in the amount of KM 100 for each day of longer stay, if the alien have not had exceeded the period of stay for more than three days and is in position to justify the reasons for delay, without undertaking other measures pursuant to this Law.

(3) Legal and natural person who employs an alien who is exempt from obtaining a work permit, shall be punished with a fine in the amount of KM 500 to KM 2000 unless contrary to Article 84 (Exemptions from the requirement to hold a work permit), paragraph (2) of this Act does not have a copy of the certificate of registration of work aliens.

Article 152

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of articles 23 and 34)

(1) A natural person shall be fined, for a misdemeanour, KM 300 to KM 1500:

a) If he/she provides incorrect data regarding the issuing the evidence on board and lodgings payment or on arranged travel referred to in Article 23 (Evidence of the existence of means of subsistence) paragraph (1) subparagraph d) of this Law;

b) If he/she provides incorrect data regarding the issuing of a letter of invitation referred to in Article 34 (Letter of invitation) of this Law.

(2) A legal person shall be fined KM 1000 to KM 5000 for a misdemeanour referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article. The same fine shall be imposed against a legal person that provides the incorrect information on issued guarantees for methods of non-cash payments referred to in Article 23, paragraph (1) subparagraph b) of this Law.

(3) For misdemeanours referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, a responsible individual within the legal person shall also be fined KM 300 to KM 1500.

Article 153

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 96)

(1) Fine in the amount of KM 3000 to KM 8000 shall be imposed for a misdemeanour against a natural person who does not fulfil the obligation of payment for travel, i.e. departure of an alien to the place where he/she has been sent to or the expenses of supervision of the alien while staying in BiH, pursuant to Article 96 (Payment of expenses for repatriation and placement of an alien under supervision) paragraph (3) of this Law.

(2) A legal person shall be fined KM 5000 to KM 12000 for a misdemeanour referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article.

(3) For misdemeanour referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article, a responsible individual within the legal person shall also be fined KM 3000 to KM 8000.

Article 154

(Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 18)

(1) Fine in the amount of KM 6000 to KM 10 000 shall be imposed for a air traffic carrier for every transported foreigner which bring the border crossing point, which does not fulfill the conditions for entry laid down by Article 19 of (Terms and conditions of entry), paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Act. The largest amount of the fine by one carrier can not be higher than 200 000 KM regardless of the number of people transported.

(2) Fine in the amount of KM 6000 to KM 10 000 shall be imposed for every transported foreigner for natural or legal person as a carrier in air, land and water transport or as an organizer of a tourist or similar type of travel that is not at its expense driven aliens from crossing the border from Bosnia and Herzegovina who does not meet the requirements of Article 19 (Terms and conditions of entry) of this Act and has not taken the cost of return prescribed by Article 18 of foreigner (Obligations of Carriers tourist or similar) paragraph (2) of this Act..

Article 155

(Protective measure of prohibition of performing occupation, activity or duty)

(1) Protective measure of prohibition of performing occupation, activity or duty can be pronounced for misdemeanours referred to in Article 149 (Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of articles 13, 49, 61, 66 and 74) paragraph (2), 150 (Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 75), 152 (Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of articles 23 and 34), 153 (Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 96) and 154 (Misdemeanour penalties for violations of the provisions of Article 18) of this Law.

(2) Protective measure of prohibition of performing occupation, activity or duty for the period of six months can be pronounced by a misdemeanour order.

CHAPTER X. TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 156

(Recognized international and temporary protection)

(1) All persons with recognized refugee status or status of subsidiary protection or have been granted temporary protection or permanent stay in BiH prior to the coming into force of this law shall have their status recognized by this Law as well.

Article 157

(Pending cases)

(1) All pending cases which have not been completed by final decision prior to this Law coming into effect, shall be closed in accordance with the provisions which were in effect at the time of the opening of the case.

(2) Notwithstanding the paragraph (1) of this Article, in cases where the first instance decision was not made prior to this Law coming into effect, the procedure shall be continued in accordance with this Law.

Article 158

(Deadlines for enactment of by-laws of the Council of Ministers under this Law)

(6) The Council of Ministers shall, upon the proposal of the Ministry forwarded after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Transport and Communications BiH, enact a by-law under Article 18 (Carriers' obligations) paragraph (5) of this Law which in further detail regulate the matters regarding obligations of a carrier who brings an alien to a border crossing of BiH, within six months from the day this Law enters into force.

(7) The Council of Ministers shall, upon the proposal of the Ministry forwarded after obtaining the opinion of the MFA, under Article 19 (General entry conditions) paragraph (7), determine by its decision the minimum amount of funds for sustenance referred to in Article 19 paragraph (3) subparagraph a) of this Law every year by 31st December for the following year, if that amount has not already been determined by a by-law.

(3) If necessary, the Council of Ministers, upon proposition of the Service forwarded through the Ministry, after obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Finance and Treasury of BiH, shall enact the by-law under the Article 97 (By-laws pertaining to technical issues with regard to removal of aliens) paragraph (2) of this Law and methods and procedure in covering the costs of repatriation and costs of placement under supervision, within six months from the day this Law enters into force.

(4) Whenever necessary, the Council of Ministers shall:

a) Under Article 54 (Temporary stay on humanitarian grounds) paragraph (1) subparagraph e), upon proposition of the Ministry by way of a by-law specify other

justified reasons of humanitarian nature beside those listed in Article 54 paragraph (1) subparagraphs a) to d) of this Law, for which an alien who does not meet the conditions for granting residence prescribed by this Law may nevertheless be granted the temporary residence on humanitarian grounds;

b) Under Article 111 (Safe country of origin and safe third country) paragraph (3), upon proposition of the Ministry forwarded upon obtaining the opinion of the MFA and Ministry of Justice of BiH, make a decision on which countries are considered safe countries of origin and safe third countries referred to in Article 111 paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Law;

c) Under Article 126 (Temporary protection in case of mass influx) paragraph (2) of this Law, following the consultation with UNHCR and other relevant international organizations in BiH, repeal the special regulations referred to in paragraph (5) subparagraph e) of this Article, after the reasons justifying their existence cease to exist;

d) Under Article 127 (Granting temporary protection) paragraph (4) of this Law, determine the number of persons to whom the temporary protection shall be granted and reasons due to which that number can be exceeded until the amendment to the decision, taking into consideration the economic and other potentials of BiH, as well as the reasons of public order, legal order and peace and security of BiH.

(5) Whenever necessary or justified, the Council of Ministers may:

a) Under Article 19 (General entry conditions) paragraph (6) of this Law, prescribe additional requirements for alien entry into BiH when so being required by reasons of protecting national security of BiH, legal order, public order and peace or public health in BiH or other reasons arising from the international obligations of BiH;

b) Under Article 21 (Exemption from visa requirement) paragraph (1) of this Law, at the proposal of the MFA, the BiH Council of Ministers specify the countries whose citizens shall not be required to have visa for entering BiH (hereinafter referred to as: non-visa regime countries), as well as the countries whose citizens may enter BiH with a travel document other than a passport;

c) Under Article 21, paragraph (1) of this Law, at the proposal of the MFA exempt from visa requirements the persons who hold special types of travel documents;

d) Under Article 22, paragraph 4, upon the proposal by the MoFA shall exempt from visa acquisition the holders of special travel documents;

e) Under Article 29 (Airport transit visa - Visa A) paragraph (3), exceptionally decide that citizens of certain countries or travellers on certain passengers' lines require an airport transit visa;

f) Under Article 126 (Temporary protection in case of mass influx) paragraph (1) of this Law, upon consultation with UNHCR and other relevant international organization in BiH, issue special regulations providing a temporary protection of these persons in the case of their mass influx or an imminent mass influx.

(6) The Council of Ministers may always under Article 20 (Entry on special conditions) of this Law make a decision on allowing the entry into BiH to an alien even if he/she does not fulfil the conditions referred to in Article 19 (General entry conditions) of this Law.

(7) In accordance with Article 78 (Work permit quota) of this Law, the Council of Ministers shall determine the annual quota of work permits by not later than 31st October of current year for the following year. The first decision on annual quota of work permits under this Law the Council of Ministers shall make not later than 31st October 2008 for the year 2009.

8) The Council of Ministers on the proposal of the Ministry, with the prior opinion of the MFA, shall make a decision that will, after the creation of technical conditions, determine the start of the application of Article 103 (Obligatory characteristics of foreigner registration) of this Act.

Article 159

(Deadlines for enactment of by-laws of the MoFA under this Law)

(1) Under Article 32 (Long-term stay visa – Visa D) paragraph (6) of this Law, MFA shall, upon obtained consent of the Ministry and the Service, by way of a by-law in further detail prescribe the situations in which the issuing of long term stay is justified (Visa D) and the procedure in issuing these visas, within three months from the day this Law enters into force.

(2) Under Article 33, paragraph 6 of this Law, MoFA shall, upon obtaining the opinion of the Ministry, by way of by-laws regulate technical issues pertaining to issuance the airport transit visa (Visa A) and transit visa (Visa B) within three months from entry into force of this Law.

(3) Under Article 44 (Bylaws regulating the technical matters of relevance for the entry of aliens) paragraph (5) of this Law, MFA shall, upon obtained opinion of the Ministry, by way of a by-law regulate the procedure of issuing visas in DCRs of BiH within three months from the day this Law enters into force.

(4) Under Article 140 (Privileges and immunities under international law) paragraph (5), MFA shall, upon obtained opinion of the Ministry, by way of a by-law regulate the procedure in cases of aliens who reside in BiH temporarily on the grounds of service at the DCRs or missions with diplomatic status, i.e. persons who under the international law, i.e. on the basis of an international treaty enjoy the privileges and immunities referred to in Article 140 of this Law, when this is necessary.

Article 160

(Deadlines for enactment of by-laws of the Ministry under this Law)

(1) Within three months from the day this Law enters into force, the Ministry shall:

a) Upon obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Transport and Communications BiH, under Article 18 (Carriers' obligations) paragraph (4) propose to the Council of Ministers the by- law referred to in Article 158 (Deadlines for enactment of by-laws of the Council of Ministers under this Law) paragraph (1) of this Law which in further detail regulate the issues of the obligations of a carrier who brings an alien to a border crossing of BiH;

b) Upon obtaining the opinion of the MoFA enact the by-laws under Article 29 (Airport transit visa - Visa A), paragraph 5 and Article 30 (Transit visa - Visa B) paragraph 5 pertaining to deadlines for validity of airport transit visa and transit visa;

c) Upon obtaining the opinion of the MoFA enact the by-laws under Article 44 (Bylaws regulating the technical matters of relevance for the entry of aliens) paragraph (1) of this Law on types of travel documents, procedure in group entry of aliens from non-visa regime countries, the format and layout of the visa application form, as well as on the procedure of issuing visas at the border;

d) Upon obtaining the opinion of the Service enact the by-laws under Article 44 paragraph

(2) of this Law on the form of the letter of invitation, as well as on the procedure in certification of the letter of invitation;

e) Upon obtaining the opinion of Border Police, enact the by-laws under Article 44 paragraph (3) of this Law on the entry procedure, form of the decision on refusal of entry and on detailed procedure in refusal of entry into BiH;

f) Upon obtaining the opinion of the Service enact the by-laws under Article 76 (By-laws on technical issues of granting residence and temporary/permanent residence of aliens) of this Law on forms and procedure in registering and deregistering of temporary or permanent residence or in granting residence, on method of checking whether the request contains the prescribed contents, on form and contents of the filed request for residence, on procedure of cancellation of residence, on format and layout of the residence permit sticker, on format, layout of and issuing procedure concerning the identification card for aliens, on format and layout of the book of aliens, as well as of other technical issues of importance for the stay and movement of aliens;

g) Upon proposal of the Service, enact the by-law under Article 94 (Non-enforcement of the forcible removal) paragraph (6) on the format and layout of the receipt that the Service issues to an alien when it approves him/her the delay of the enforcement of the expulsion measure pursuant to Article 94, paragraph (5) of this Law;

h) If necessary, upon proposal of the Service, enact the by-law under Article 97 (By-laws on technical issues of the removal of aliens) paragraph (1) on methods and procedure of removal of aliens BiH; and

i) Upon obtaining the opinion of the Service enact the by-law under Article 104 (By-laws on technical issues of placing an alien under supervision) of this Law on procedure of placement of aliens under supervision.

(2) Within six months from the day this Law enters into force, the Ministry shall enact:

a) By-laws under Article 56 (Protection of victims of human trafficking) paragraph (2) of this Law on the rules and standards of their treatment as well as of other issues concerning the admission of victims of trafficking of human beings, their rehabilitation and return (repatriation); and

b) By-laws under Article 146 (By-laws on maintaining, use and access to records and database) of this Law on rules on maintaining, use and access to records and central database on aliens.

(3) Whenever deemed necessary, the Ministry shall:

a) Forward to the Council of Ministers the draft decision under Article 111 (Safe country of origin and safe third country) paragraph (3) on which countries are considered as safe countries of origin and safe third countries as per Article 111, paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Law;

b) Upon obtaining the opinion of the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees and Ministry of Civil Affairs, enact the by-law under Article 137 (By-laws on technical issues of international and temporary protection) paragraph (1) by which it shall further regulate issues regulated in Chapter VII (International and temporary protection) of this Law.

(4) The Ministry may, upon obtaining the opinion of another competent authority referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraphs a), b) or c) of this Article, enact the by-law under Article 44, paragraph (4) of this Law on other technical issues of importance for the entry of aliens, when that is necessary.

(5) The Ministry shall, after obtaining the opinion of Service, enact a bylaw that will regulate the appearance, content and procedure of issuing residence permits specified in Article 64 (Residence permit sticker) of this Act.

(6) Ministry shall at the proposal of Service adopt decisions that will, after the creation of technical conditions, to determine the start of the application of the provisions of Article 59 paragraph (1), item e) (Requirements for granting permanent residence) and Article 64 (Residence permit sticker) of this Act, in part related to the issuance of residence permits with biometric data of the alien.

Article 161

(Deadlines for enactment of by-laws of the Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees)

The Ministry for Human Rights and Refugees of BiH shall, upon obtaining the opinion of the Ministry of Civil Affairs of BiH, enact the by-law on access to the rights referred to in Article 120, paragraph 6 (Rights of persons who were granted international protection) of this Law, within six months from the day this Law enters into force.

Article 162

(Cease of validity of former regulations)

(1) On the day when this Law enters into force, the Law on Movement and Stay of Aliens and Asylum ("Official Gazette BiH", no. 29/03 and 4/04) shall not longer apply.

(2) By-law enacted under the Law referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be applied in the transitional period until enactment of new by-laws under this Law (articles 158, 159, 160 and 161), if they are not contrary to this Law.

By-law enacted under the Law on Movement and Stay of Aliens and Asylum ("Official Gazette BiH", no. 36/08) shall be applied in the transitional period until enactment of new , or amendments to existing by-laws if they are not contrary to this Law.

The deadline for the adoption of bylaws under paragraph (1) of this article is six months from the date of entry into force of this law.

All cases that are not finalized until the entry into force of this law, will be completed under the provisions of the regulations in force at the time of the proceedings, and in cases where the final decision is not passed until the entry into force of this law, the process will continue according to this law .

Article 163

(Entry into force of this Law)

This Law shall enter into force on the eighth day after its publication in the » Official Gazette of Bosnia and Herzegovina«, and provisions of articles 77 (Issuing work permit) paragraph (2) and

78 (Work permits quota) of this Law shall apply from 1st November 2008. PSBiH No: 185/08